

## ARRAIGN BROTHERS IN CIRCUIT COURT

**Ed and Tod Beavers Enter Plea of Not Guilty to Assault and Battery Upon Father.**

**INJURED MAN IS IMPROVING**

**Absence of State's Witness Delayed Trial of Case of State vs. Addison Adair.**

Ed and Tod Beavers, who live in the Kurtz neighborhood and were arrested Saturday night on charges of assault and battery with intent as a result of the alleged assault upon their father, Charles Beavers, were arraigned in circuit court Monday afternoon and pleaded not guilty. They told the court they had no money and few friends and could not employ an attorney to look after their interests in the trial. Judge Swails appointed Henry H. Prince, the county attorney, to represent the defendants when their case is called.

The Elder Beavers was slashed in the neck with a razor and struck over the head with a monkey wrench, it is alleged. His injuries are regarded as critical and his condition remains serious. The sons are being held on the charges first filed against them but they will not likely be tried until the recovery of their father is assured. Ed Beavers is twenty-six years of age and is married. The family lived in the Kurtz neighborhood. Mrs. Charles Beavers and her son Tod left her husband several weeks ago, it is said, and the trouble Saturday night was the outcome of that difficulty. The father and sons met at the school house where they went to attend church services.

The case of Addison Adair, who is charged with stealing a small savings bank belonging to the Jackson County Loan & Trust Company, was set for trial in the circuit court today but had not been called at 2 o'clock this afternoon because of the absence of a important state witness. The witness was Rosa McCoy who left Seymour in company with Adair last summer. She is living at Columbus and was subpoenaed but failed to appear in court today.

Adair was located by the local police after they had searched all parts of Kentucky for him for several weeks. It is alleged that he threw the bank into the Ohio River as the traction car was passing over the bridge. He was held for larceny and has been in the county jail since his arrest.

The case of Spencer Hunsucker vs. Joseph Henderson was on trial in court today before Judge Swails. The plaintiff in this case alleges that the defendant cut down a tree on his property and has filed suit for its value. The defendant claims that the tree was on his land and he had the right to remove it.

James B. Thompson, of Hamilton township, today announced that he would make the race for nomination for representative from Jackson county on the Democratic ticket.

An entertainment will be given at the hall at Four Corners Friday night for the benefit of the church there.

## CONGRESSMAN DIXON HERE FOR SHORT TIME MONDAY

**Greeted by Many Local Politicians But Had Nothing to Say About Postoffice Appointment.**

Congressman Lincoln Dixon was in Seymour a short time late Monday afternoon having come from Columbus and was on his way to his home in North Vernon. He was greeted by a number of Democratic politicians but had nothing to say regarding the postoffice situation.

While Congressman Dixon probably did not come to this city with the express purpose of getting in touch with the local situation he was given plenty of information by some of the politicians. He would not say positively when the appointment of the next postmaster would be made nor whom he intended to name. It was rumored here, today, however, that the appointment might be made the middle of next week.

## \$54,240 SEQUESTERED TAXES COLLECTED IN THIS COUNTY

**Other Counties File Reports and Large Sums Will be Placed on Tax Duplicates.**

A total of \$52,240 in sequestered taxes were collected in Jackson county last year, according to the report filed with the state tax commissioners.

The total amount of sequestered taxables "dug up" by assessors throughout the ninety-two counties of Indiana in 1913 promises to exceed the total of the previous year by hundreds of thousands of dollars. Both years' totals run far above the ten million dollar mark and it is estimated by members of the state board of tax commissioners that the 1913 total may reach \$11,000,000. Eighty-three counties reported to the state board—at the recent meeting of the county assessors with the state board—that a total of \$10,611,764 in these hidden taxables had been added to the tax duplicates during the year in those counties. The total amount in 1912 was \$10,237,570.55, with four counties not reporting. Of the nine counties not reporting so far for 1913 the total amount of the taxables placed on the duplicates by those that reported in 1912 was \$422,314.

## Stockholders Meet.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the First National Bank was held here today and the following directors were elected: O. H. Montgomery, C. H. Cordes, B. F. Schneek, J. H. Andrews and C. D. Billings.

Immediately after the meeting of the stockholders adjourned the directors convened and elected the following officers:

President, C. D. Billings; vice-president, B. F. Schneek; cashier, J. H. Andrews; teller, Edwin O. Heuser; bookkeepers, J. A. Keegler and J. Robert Blair.

This bank has enjoyed a very prosperous year and has had a substantial increase in business. Its management is in the hands of safe and conservative business men who are watchful for the interests of the depositors.

## Coldest Night.

Monday night was the coldest night of the winter, the thermometer having fallen to 11 degrees above zero.

Dr. G. O. Barnes is seriously ill.

## PREPARE PROGRAM FOR W. C. T. U. RALLY

**Leaders of Local White Ribbon Society Make Arrangements for Meeting Thursday.**

## REV. J. T. OWEN WILL SPEAK

**Temperance Workers From all Parts of the County Will Attend The Sessions.**

The W. C. T. U. has arranged for an all day temperance meeting in Seymour on Thursday of this week. The sessions during the day will be held in the Presbyterian church and in the evening at the First M. E. church. Rev. T. J. Owen, pastor of the First Baptist church at Bedford, will speak at the evening session. He is an earnest speaker, a clear thinker, and should be heard by a large audience. The program for the day is as follows:

## MORNING SESSION.

10:00—Singing  
Scripture Reading... Mrs. C. R. Hoffmann  
Singing  
Special Thought—"Speak to the Children of Israel that They go Forward"... Rev. D. L. Thomas  
Reading—Proclamation for National Constitution and Prohibition  
Prayer Service  
Special prayer for all W. C. T. U. workers, and all organizations working for National Constitutional Prohibition.

## 10:30—Singing

Scripture Reading  
Special Thought—"If ye shall ask anything in my name I will do it"... Mrs. M. E. Baker  
Reading—Joint Resolution introduced into Congress by Hon. R. P. Hobson  
Prayer service, remembering the President of the United States and other officials, for the voters who give them their power, for members of the committees in Senate and Congress who consider the Hobson Resolution... Rev. M. T. Brandyberry.

## 11:00—Singing

Scripture Reading  
Special Thought—"Before they call I will answer, While they are speaking, I will hear"... Mrs. Brandyberry  
Reading—Plans for National Constitutional Prohibition Amendment Campaign and discussion led by Mrs. W. F. Pfaffenberger  
Symposium—How can we most efficiently carry out these plans?  
All present are asked to take part and tell how best to assist the campaign

## Noon-tide Prayer

Adjournment.

## AFTERNOON SESSION.

2:00—Singing

Scripture Reading... Mrs. M. F. Gerrish

Singing

2:15—Address—Prayer a Power... Rev. Wm. A. Schruoff

Singing

2:45—Address—Individual Responsibility... Rev. T. C. Smith

Singing

3:15—Informal Discussion—"What this Movement Means to Me", led by Mrs. C. R. Hoffmann

3:30—Presentation of the Resolution of Endorsement of the Prohibition Campaign... Mrs. R. R. Short

3:45—Prayer and Consecration Service, led by Mrs. M. C. Carpenter

4:00—Children's Rally

Address by Jay C. Smith

Address by Prof. T. A. Mott

Singing

Adjournment

EVENING SESSION.

To be held in the M. E. Church.

7:30—Singing

Scripture Reading... Rev. D. L. Thomas

Prayer... Rev. M. T. Brandyberry

Song... Male Quartette

Offering

Song—"Columbia's Fare"

Male Duet

Recitation—"The Rum Mill's Grist"... Mrs. H. A. Schwab

Song—"We are Marching On"

Quintette

Address—Rev. T. J. Owen, Bedford, Ind.

Song... Male Quartette

Benediction

The public is cordially invited to attend any or all of these services.

## Well Known Jurist Dead.

Judge Harry C. Montgomery, for nine years Judge of the Clark Circuit Court and former Prosecuting Attorney, died at Jeffersonville, yesterday afternoon from asthma, which affected his heart. His condition became serious only a few days ago. He had been in frail health for years, however. He was well known to the attorneys of this city.

As a Judge, his opinions were regarded highly, and cases appealed from his court rarely were reversed. Recently the Supreme Court reversed one of his findings, and it was stated it was only the ninth since he went on the bench. Previous to this he had a long, unbroken record of opinions that had been affirmed, some of them involving fine points of law. In criminal cases he was always willing to give a culprit a chance if he believed him to be worthy, but a prisoner who went before him a second time, after failing to keep promises, was given little consideration.

Judge Montgomery was born in Jeffersonville April 9, 1870, the son of Capt. John R. Montgomery and Mrs. Mary L. Maunzy Montgomery.

## "Flag Case" Refined.

A new affidavit has been filed against Raymond Vick, of Fleming, upon the charge of mutilating the American flag. He was charged by a former affidavit with shooting at the flag over the Congregational school house but the case was dismissed at this term of court because the state failed to subpoena a material witness. The affidavit filed Monday was signed by George Judd, of Fleming.

## Progressive Meeting.

Progressive meeting at City Building tonight at 8 o'clock.

By Order of County Secretary.

A daughter was born Monday night to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Elsner, who live east of the city.

Business Getters, "Republican Classified Ads."

## BIG ATTENDANCE AT SHORT COURSE

**Over One Thousand Registered at Purdue University for Agricultural Instruction.**

## MANY YOUNG PEOPLE THERE

**Special Work Arranged for Boys and Girls—Inspection Trips Have Been Planned.**

Lafayette, Ind., January 13—The farmers' short course at Purdue university, which opened yesterday afternoon, entered on its second day with more than one thousand persons registered and all previous records for attendance broken. Not only are the farmers of the state showing themselves keenly interested in the work, but the presence of an unusually large number of young people is noticeable, and many rural school teachers are found in the throng in attendance, the interest in vocational training having increased remarkably since the passage of the new vocational training law. Some instances were reported of teachers requesting trustees to close the schools, so the instructors might come to Purdue and get in touch with modern methods of teaching agriculture.

Today's program included the regular allotment of work in all departments, and the annual state meetings of the Indiana Sheep Breeders and Feeders' Association and the Indiana Federation of Agricultural Associations were merged into the short course program. This made the day one of great activity along all lines and the university buildings, where the short course sessions are being held, were crowded to their full capacity.

One of the most interesting features of the short course program is the work for boys and girls, which occupies a place of its own in the schedule. Much attention is being paid to the young people of the farms, who are here for the week. A large number of counties have sent delegations of young people and in most instances the boys and girls who have been sent here are those who have won contests in their home counties, the counties standing the expense of their visit to the short course.

The work for boys in the short course included corn and live stock judging daily, lectures on animal husbandry, hog cholera, orchard management, poultry problems, alfalfa growing, insect fighting, weed seed identification, and barnyard manure. The boys will go on inspection trips to the Crough stock farm, the engineering shops at Purdue and the poultry plant. They will attend the sessions of the State Corn Growers' Association, and the Live Stock Breeders' Association. The short course management has made a special effort to interest the young people and make their work attractive.

## Masonic Notice.

Called meeting, Wednesday evening at 7:30, work in F. C. Degree.

J. L. Williams, W. M.

The Barlow Studio and Gift Shop, 408 Indianapolis Ave.

Seymour Business College Phone 403

## YOU CAN SAVE

Sugar, all kinds, lb. .... 5c  
Grimes Golden Apples, per peck. .... 40c  
Loose Peanut Butter, per lb. .... 13c  
Red Rose, that good Flour. .... 60c  
Best Navy Beans, lb. .... 5c  
Pint Mason Jar Baking Powder. .... 8c  
Lenox Soap, 3 for. .... 10c  
Home Made Mince Meat, 2 for. .... 25c  
Kirks Flake White Soap, 6 for. .... 25c  
Loose Rolled Oats, 4 lbs. .... 15c  
Flake Hominy, 4 lbs. .... 15c  
New Prunes, 3 lbs. .... 25c  
Loose Raisins, Muscatels, 3 lbs. .... 25c  
Evaporated Peaches, 3 lbs. .... 25c  
Large Fat Mackerel, 3 for. .... 25c  
Lima Beans, fancy, 3 lb. .... 25c  
No. 1 can hand packed Tomatoes. .... 5c  
Parsnips, Celery, Head Lettuce, Sweet Potatoes, New Orleans Molasses, Country Sorghum, Malaga Grapes, Grape Fruit, Oranges, Bananas, Nuts. Potatoes sold by weight instead of measure.

## MAYES' Cash Grocery

## LOUISVILLE COMPANY MAY ERECT NEW THEATER HERE

**Report Says Seymour is Included in List of Cities in Southern Indiana Circuit.**

That a moving picture company is contemplating the erection of another theater here is seen from the following article in the Louisville Courier Journal:

The Switow Amusement Company, with a capital stock of \$300,000, was incorporated yesterday to absorb the properties of the Falls City Amusement Company, which operates the Crystal moving picture theater, and the Switow Amusement Company, of Indiana, which controls nine similar theaters in Kentucky and Indiana.

In addition to operating the theaters of the two companies, the new organization will immediately begin the erection of eleven additional moving-picture theaters, one each being located in Louisville and Indianapolis, the others to be in Indiana towns. More than \$150,000 will be expended, according to announcement.

The company will have twenty-one houses in operation within the next six months, it was stated. In addition to the Crystal Theater in Louisville, the old companies operate two houses in New Albany and one each in Madisonville, Ky; Jeffersonville, Madison and French Lick, Ind. Theaters will be erected by the new company and will include the following cities in Indiana: Seymour, Columbus, North Vernon, Rushville, Bedford, Vincennes, Washington, Greensburg and Indianapolis.

Mr. Switow who will be general manager of the circuit, has been in the business for about ten years, five of which have been spent in the Falls Cities. His first moving picture theater was in Shelbyville, Ind., which he operated in connection with a restaurant.

## To Try Negro at Salem.

Salem, in Washington county, in which a negro never has been permitted to live, will be the scene of a negro murder trial at which there will be a score or more of negro witnesses.

In the Floyd Circuit court, in New Albany, yesterday, the case of Lee Cosby, a negro, charged with the murder of William Dorsey, a negro, was called for trial, when a change of venue was asked by the defendant. The change was granted, and Judge W. C. Utz sent the case to the Washington Circuit Court, in Salem, for trial. Cosby will be taken to the Salem jail in a few days.

## Want Canning Factory.

Jennings county farmers living in the neighborhood of Hayden are talking of establishing a new canning factory at that place. A meeting was held Saturday night when the plans were discussed. They declare that it is not convenient for them to haul tomatoes to the factory to Vernon and some of the growers have been selling their tomatoes to the Rockford and Madison factories. Those interested have contracted for 102 acres next year.

## Railroad Man Hurt.

John Murphy, a B. & O. Southwestern employe, was painfully hurt this morning when he fell from a train. He was brought to this city and received medical attention. His injuries are not serious. His home is at Butlerville.

Republican Want Ads. Get Results.

## Big Assortment of

## DREAMLAND

No. 1—"THE OCCULT" (American Drama)

No. 2—"FATTY JOINS THE FORCE" (Keystone Comedy)

No. 3—"THE OTHER WOMAN" (Reliance Drama)

Thursday with regular program both afternoon and night. Show the Tipton Island Battle.

FIVE DOLLARS IN SILVER GIVEN AWAY EACH FRIDAY NIGHT.

C. E. T. DOBBINS & CO.

GENERAL BOOKERS

Stocks Bonds

Realty

Merchandise

We Buy Or Sell Anything

HOADLEY'S

PHONE 26

Investigate Our Popular Cigar Offer. It will interest you.

H. H. CARTER

Successor to Andrews Drug Co.

The Rexall Store

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practically gives the wearer two sights—long distance and short distance. The one is for reading, writing, and other close range purposes, the other for giving the human eye a clear vision of objects at long range. We are experienced opticians and devote our time to the study of the eye and its needs. We furnish you with the best artificial vision at low cost.

G. F. KAMMAN, Optometrist,

With T. M. Jackson, Jeweler.



WILL CARE FOR THE REFUGEES

Fugitive Mexicans Thrown On Our Tender Mercies.

THEY MUST BE PROVIDED FOR

Thousands Who Fled Across the River When Ojinaga Fell Into the Hands of the Ruthless Villa Were Left Destitute and Provisions Are Being Made by the United States Army on the Border to Care For These.

Washington, Jan. 13.—A decision has been reached that for the present the United States will care for the 3,000 federal soldiers and the women and children who joined them in the flight from Ojinaga. This course was determined upon in a conference between Secretary of War Garrison and Major General Wood and Counsellor Moore of the state department. It will cost the United States about \$1,000 a day to play the unwelcome role of host to these Mexicans at Fort Bliss, at El Paso, Tex. To reach this point they will have to make a trip overland sixty miles to Marfa, Tex., the nearest railroad station. Arrangements are already being made to provide railroad transportation for the refugees from Marfa to El Paso. All women and children who care to accompany the soldiers will be permitted to do so. Non-combatants will not be allowed to stay at Presidio and will be cared for temporarily by the Red Cross, which already has charge of the sick and wounded Mexicans who came over from Ojinaga. Later the immigration authorities will look after the non-combatants.

VILLA READY TO GO SOUTH

The Capital City of Mexico Is Victor's Next Objective Point.

Presidio, Tex., Jan. 13.—Many federal officers from Ojinaga, who came to this side of the river when the town was surrendered, did not surrender to the United States troops, but are making an effort to escape.

Information from Marfa is that the depot there is lined with Mexicans, many of whom are recognized as former federal officers in Ojinaga. Telegrams have been sent to El Paso and San Antonio to secret service agents of the United States to watch the trains and arrest all Mexicans suspected of being deserters from Ojinaga.

The federal prisoners now held here by the United States troops are to be sent to Marfa, where they will be guarded, as it was not considered wise to hold them here on the border so near their recent enemies. They will probably be sent overland to Marfa. The march will require two or three days.

Pancho Villa has begun to move his army to Chihuahua, preparatory to his campaign southward. Since all the federals except the volunteer generals and a few of their men who were in Ojinaga have fled to the United States, Villa will leave only a few soldiers here. At Chihuahua he expects to have a force of 10,000 men from which to draw his attack on Torreon.

"The defeat of the northern division of the federal army leaves us concerned only with the south," said Villa. "The few remaining federal garrisons on the west and east coasts will be driven out by our forces now surrounding them. Mexico City has always been my destination, and I will soon be there."

Villa has busted himself supervising the work of cleaning Ojinaga of the litter of battle. He announced officially that his loss in the fighting Saturday night included twenty-two killed and forty-six wounded. He declared that he buried or burned 250 dead federals and took seventy prisoners, and that none of the prisoners was executed. He said they were being used for cleaning up the town and that they would be continued in the service as laborers with the rebel army.

Villa sent Major Fierro, his superintendent of railroads, to El Paso to make up all the train equipment in the Juarez yards and take it south to Chihuahua City and thence eastward to Falmir, on the Orient road, where he expects to entrain his men as they march away from Ojinaga.

Villa exhibited several field pieces that he captured from the federals at Ojinaga and claims to have secured almost 1,000 rifles. "This means 1,000 more armed Constitutionalists," he declared, "as we can get all the men we can arm."

CORDIA MARTIN ON TRIAL

Alleged Bank Robber Who Provoked Such a Slippery Prisoner.

Greenfield, Ind., Jan. 13.—The trial of Cordia Martin for the robbery of the bank at New Palestine three years ago is in progress in the Hancock circuit court. Martin has been in jail here for several weeks awaiting trial. Two years ago he broke jail and evaded arrest until recently. He escaped from the jail at Litchfield, Ill., and in a few weeks was arrested in Yellow Springs, O., and brought to this city where he has been guarded in jail night and day.

HENRY FORD



Photo by American Press Association.

There was such a crush about the plant of the Ford automobile plant at Detroit of laborers clamoring for work under the new profit-sharing plan adopted by Ford that the fire department was called out to turn water on the men to make them disperse.

OPIUM SMOKERS HARD HIT BY THIS NEW LAW

Congress Puts Prohibitive Tax On Their "Dope."

Washington, Jan. 13.—Endeavoring to stop the practice of opium smoking in the United States, the house has passed two bills, one placing a prohibitive tax on opium manufactured in the United States for smoking purposes, and the other prohibiting the importation of opium in any form capable of being refined into the smoking product.

On opium manufactured in the United States, the internal revenue tax is raised from \$10 to \$200 a pound. Manufacturers must furnish a bond of \$100,000 as against a bond of \$5,000 provided for on the original act. A minimum penalty of \$10,000 is also provided for violating the law.

Both bills have passed the senate and now go to the president for approval.

Another Victim of Building Crash.

South Bend, Ind., Jan. 13.—Theodore Metzger, one of the men buried under the ruins of the collapsed building in Michigan street, Jan. 3, is dead of internal injuries at St. Joseph hospital. Metzger's death is the fourth to result from the crash. He was under the collapsed structure for several hours before being rescued. He was twenty-two years old and the son of wealthy parents.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

Fire started by the overturning of a cookstove destroyed the village of Castel Guglielmi in Italy.

It is reported on good authority that Provisional President Huerta and his ministers are facing an almost desperate financial crisis.

Thomas H. Peoples, attorney general of South Carolina, was acquitted of the murder of Robert Marshall, negro chef at the Elks home in Columbia, S. C.

Floods in the provinces of Liege and Namur, Belgium, have reached the proportion of a disaster and have already caused damage to the amount of millions.

Secretary of War Garrison advocates raising the authorized strength of the army from 85,000 to 100,000. "We must send 5,000 men to Panama at once," he says.

The postoffice appropriation bill, carrying \$305,247,767, the largest amount ever recommended by a committee to run a government department, has been reported to the house.

Miss Gladys Eleanor Guggenheim, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim, has been married to Roger Williams Straus, son of Oscar Straus, former ambassador to Turkey.

Mrs. Mary Oberwise was killed and her daughter Mary, thirteen years old, was so seriously injured that she may die, when an Erie train ran them down on a trestle near Belleville, N. J.

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo has sent a request to congress that it establish a laboratory for research and study of pellagra, which he explained "has become a national menace."

It is generally understood in Washington that the president will send to the senate the name of John Skelton Williams to be comptroller of the currency and ex-officio member of the federal reserve board.

Taylor George, speaker of the West Virginia house of delegates, has called upon the governor to call a special session of the legislature, declaring prohibition beginning July 1 will compel the state to provide \$1,000,000 revenue from other source.

THE HORRORS OF INDUSTRIAL WAR

Prove a Menace to All of South Africa.

A CITIZENS' DEFENSE FORCE

In the Face of Threats of Dynamite on the Part of Labor Agitators, Orders Have Been Given to Shoot Dynamiters on Sight, and the Citizens Are Arming Themselves For Possibly Bloody War.

Johannesburg, Jan. 13.—There has been little change in the last twenty-four hours in the grave situation arising from the threatened strike throughout South Africa.

Although announcement was made that martial law will be proclaimed in the Transvaal and the Orange Free State, it is believed that there is some sort of truce between the employers and men pending the declaration of the result of the balloting of the Federation of Trades regarding the proposal for a general strike.

The proclamation is to be of a drastic nature, one of the chief features being the order that persons using dynamite to destroy railroad property are to be shot on sight.

The strike has spread to Cape Colony. As the Cape Colony workers are believed to hold the key to the situation, this is regarded as a grave move, and the government ordered the immediate mobilization of the citizens as a defense force.

A Socialist agitator named Harrison was arrested for seditious utterances in a speech at Cape Town. He said: "Blow up everything. Never mind whether hundreds are killed or not. Blow up all property."

Shots were fired at a train near Cape Town. Nobody was hurt and there is no clue to the criminals.

Business in Johannesburg is at a standstill. The government is keeping a firm grip on the situation.

STOCK AND POULTRY THEFT

Farmyard Raiders in Brown County Make Numerous Culls.

Nashville, Ind., Jan. 13.—The theft of stock and poultry and the destruction of property in Hamblen township, this county, has caused many persons living there to believe that the thieves that had a rendezvous in a cave a few years ago have renewed activities. William W. Wheeler has chased persons away from his barn several times and at one time shot at a man he saw carrying a number of chickens. Immediately after shooting at the man, Wheeler says he heard a groan. The man escaped. John Bixler met several men carrying a number of chickens. Charles Engals says the gang called him to the door to ask where the chicken coop was. Engals told the men that he did not raise chickens. A horse of Mr. Engals is missing and he believes it was stolen by the men who called him to the door.

DISRUPTED CONGREGATION

Ministers at Muncie Come to Conclusions on a Personal Question.

Muncie, Ind., Jan. 13.—Lewis Murphy and Jacob L. Bridget, ministers, were found guilty of assault and battery before Justice of the Peace Coons here, following a fight in which the two engaged on New Year's day. According to the evidence, Bridget, in the presence of members of the Home Mission congregation, made the remark that Lewis's wife were unclean clothing. The two engaged in a fight, with the result that Bridget broke all records for 100 yards with Lewis in full pursuit with a paving brick in each hand. The affair has disrupted the congregation of the Home Mission church and both preachers probably will be asked to resign.

Probable Action in Thaw Case.

New York, Jan. 13.—William Travers Jerome, discussing the Thaw case, said that he is now convinced the matter will ultimately reach the supreme court of the United States. This means that Harry Thaw cannot be returned to Matteawan for five years, if ever, and that in the meantime he will be in federal custody and probably out on bail to do and act as he pleases.

The seaport of Callao, Peru, was inundated by a tidal wave, accompanied by an earthquake lasting 55 seconds. No loss of life is reported.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather.
New York.....	12	Clear
Boston.....	12	Clear
Denver.....	12	Clear
San Francisco..	46	Cloudy
St. Paul.....	10	Cloudy
Chicago.....	14	Clear
Indianapolis...	16	Clear
St. Louis.....	24	Clear
New Orleans...	48	Cloudy
Washington...	18	Clear

Fair and warmer.

B. CLARKE HYDE



Kansas City, Jan. 13.—The fourth trial of Dr. B. Clarke Hyde, charged with the murder of Colonel Thomas H. Swope, was postponed when the county prosecutor set forth that the case could not go to trial because of a suit filed in the circuit court by two taxpayers to enjoin the county court from paying the expense of further prosecution of the physician. The injunction suit has not been set for trial.

PRESIDENT'S RETURN TO THE WHITE HOUSE

Executive Greatly Improved By Southern Trip.

Washington, Jan. 13.—In better physical condition than at any time since he received the news of his nomination to the presidency, President Wilson, clear-eyed and bronze-cheeked, returned to day from his first vacation.

Enroute the president told the newspaper men who accompanied him that he had framed his address to congress on the subject of legislation looking to the further curbing of the monopolistic tendency in great industrial affairs. The address would be reviewed and in its present form was subject to minor modifications. The matter of its presentation to the majority leaders of congress before its public delivery would, he said, depend on later arrangements. Further, the president said that he had read the projected bill for the establishment of the rural credit system. The bill in the main, he said, has his tentative approval.

The northward journey was punctuated with cheering and handshaking at the Georgia and South Carolina stations, at which the special stopped to change engines. The most enthusiastic greetings were received at Spartanburg and Greenville, S. C. At most of the stops Mrs. Wilson also appeared and assisted the president in the impromptu receptions. The only point at which the president stepped from the train was at Atlanta, where he enjoyed a stretch and a twenty-minute constitutional in the trainshed.

At 11 o'clock the president laid the rough draft of his special message to congress on anti-trust enactments before the cabinet. In the president's absence a summary of all pending anti-trust bills had been prepared for him by Assistant Attorney General Todd. It is understood that conservatism will be the outstanding characteristics of the president's anti-trust message. It is expected that the same will be true of the recommendations which the attorney general will make at least as far as changes in the Sherman anti-trust law are concerned. Until President Wilson speaks out on the subject the anti-trust program will not be framed in congress. Some Democrats oppose action, while others advocate a conservative course.

FARMERS ADMIT SHOOTING

Say They Caught Their Victim Trying to Steal Horses.

Indianapolis, Jan. 13.—The body of an unidentified man, reported to have been shot when caught stealing horses, was found two miles west of Lawrence. The body was taken to Lawrence, but efforts to identify it proved futile. Two farmers, named Lyle and Curtis, surrendered, admitting that they fired the fatal shots, and were brought to Indianapolis pending an inquiry.

Both Lyle and Curtis fired at the man, but neither knows which one fired the shot that killed him. Curtis and Lyle were not locked up.

The dead man wore seven shirts, a white sweater, coat, corduroy trousers, low-cut shoes and spats, and he had the letters "E. S." tattooed on his right arm. He was a man about twenty-seven years old, weighed 170 pounds, small head, black hair, pug nose and light brown eyes.

Sudden Death of Judge.

Jeffersonville, Ind., Jan. 13.—Harry C. Montgomery, aged forty-four, judge of the Clark circuit court since November, 1904, is dead of asthma and heart disease.

MERRELL-SOULE

# NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT

"LIKE MOTHER-USED TO MAKE"

is made in a clean way amid clean surroundings. Its very taste suggests purity. Give your family a

## None Such Pie

It's a rare dessert this snappy weather. From your grocer.

MERRELL-SOULE COMPANY  
SYRACUSE, NEW YORK  
Makers of Food Products since 1868

LIST OF ALLOWANCES	
At special December term of Board of Commissioners for Jackson County	
Willard Stout, clerk's salary.....	\$600.00
Willard Stout, office exp.....	22.50
Albert Luedtke, auditor's salary.....	775.00
Albert Luedtke, office expenses.....	12.35
Albert Luedtke, aud. fees Enoch Clampt road.....	35.00
Henry Price, treasurer's salary.....	675.00
Wm. M. Isaacs, recorder's salary.....	375.00
Wm. M. Isaacs, addit. salary.....	206.06
Wm. M. Isaacs, office expenses.....	15.15
Van Robertson, sheriff's salary.....	575.00
Van Robertson, office expenses.....	7.15
Van Robertson, board. prisoners.....	107.50
Van Robertson, attend. com. court.....	14.00
Van Robertson, jail supplies.....	3.00
Van Robertson, bailiff's fees.....	82.80
L. A. Henderson, attendant officer.....	46.00
L. Henderson, office expenses.....	5.74
J. B. Cross, co. assessor's salary.....	212.50
J. B. Cross, office expenses.....	6.90
J. E. Payne, co. sup't's salary.....	352.14
J. E. Payne, co. sup't's trav. exp.....	15.70
J. E. Payne, co. sup't's office exp.....	8.94
D. J. Cummings, health com. sal.....	92.70
D. J. Cummings, hlt. com.'s. of. exp.....	6.50
D. J. Cummings, county physician.....	25.00
Frank Prince, county attorney.....	575.00
John R. Cooley, courthouse janitor.....	50.00
L. A. Cartwright, engineer.....	50.00
Charles Edinger, supt. poor farm.....	144.00
Charles Edinger, supt. poor frm. sal.....	137.50
Charles Edinger, quarterly report.....	282.33
Cordis Hdw. Co., heating plant.....	34.00
B'twn Hdw. Co., heating plant.....	9.40
Hatfield Electric Co., courthouse.....	2.50
B'twn Hdw. Co., courthouse.....	5.47
B'twn Hdw. Co., jail supplies.....	3.40
D. F. Carter, jail repair.....	1.30
D. F. Carter, heating plant.....	19.70
B'twn Hdw. Co., poor farm opt.....	25.75
William B. Burford, local opt.....	12.60
Wm. B. Burford, clerk's office exp.....	5.50
Wm. B. Burford, aud. office exp.....	21.03
Wm. B. Burford, recdr's office exp.....	10.00
Wm. B. Burford, sheriff's office.....	11.22
J. R. Kent, poor farm sup.....	112.88
INSANITY INQUEST OF JAMES FISH	
Willard Stout, clerk's fees.....	5.00
Van Robertson, sheriff's fees.....	21.75
William Tuell, J. P. fees.....	5.00
D. J. Cummings, med. attend.....	3.00
C. L. Wilson, med. exam.....	6.00
Fred Heller, med. exam.....	6.00
Charles L. Wilson, witness.....	1.50
Sarah C. Findley, co. board charity.....	16.00
Arthur Greger, county fuel.....	2.60
Will W. Ireland, county fuel.....	151.08
Home Tel. Co., courthouse.....	9.00
Home Tel. Co., jail.....	1.00
Home Tel. Co., poor farm.....	1.50
Home Tel. Co., toll serv. clerk.....	1.50
Home Tel. Co., toll serv. sheriff.....	2.15
B'twn Water & Light.....	21.93
Reynolds & Republican, printing.....	28.30
Charles F. Robertson, fuel for.....	37.75
Wm. Richards, roads & highways.....	4.00
Samuel Braden, roads & highways.....	4.00
Samuel Kent, roads & highways.....	4.00
Wm. V. Wayman, bridge repair.....	28.30
Dailey & McCammon, bridge.....	20.00
Edw. E. Conway, supt. bridge.....	2.00
J. O. Hays, supt. bridge.....	4.00
Central City Publishing Co.....	1.90
A. J. Brodbeck, printing.....	10.00
K. Koehneauer, at Joe Clampt.....	25.00
Hague & Masena, Wooly & Glt rd.....	81.62
Geo. Shank, supt. Ebenezer road.....	15.00
Claude Murray, contract Eben. rd.....	672.60
K. D. Mann, gravel roads.....	23.90
John Hess, trustee, expense poor.....	27.00
Albert H. Zickler, trustee exp. poor.....	21.70
Wm. L. Eastin, trustee exp. poor.....	232.00
Charles Steinwedel, trus. exp. poor.....	363.10
Frank H. Lemp, trus. exp. poor.....	27.00
Mahlon P. Stewart, trus. exp. poor.....	37.75
J. T. Pruden, trus. exp. poor.....	84.00
Wm. L. Eastin, trus. poor sch. chil.....	31.15
Chas. Steinwedel, tr. poor sch. chil.....	58.75
Frank H. Lemp, trus. poor sch. chil.....	20.88
Jas. T. Pruden, trus. poor sch. chil.....	19.35
John F. Louden, trus. poor sch. chil.....	28.90
Joel E. Henderson, trustee poor.....	71.05
John F. Niewedde, trustee, poor.....	35.50
Thos. E. Conner, trustee, poor.....	35.00
A. J. Brodbeck, printing.....	24.55
John C. Cooley, courthouse sup.....	4.34
C. C. Tindler, supt. Indian Ck. bridge.....	133.44
Miller & Rapp, enst. Els & Adms rd.....	200.00
C. L. Adams, supt. Els & Adms rd.....	13.50
Julia Work, training school.....	179.40
C. E. Conway, bridge repair.....	22.44
Jas. W. Wayman, et al., E. Clmpt rd.....	46.75
Wm. B. Burford, bnds E. Clampt rd.....	27.50
Wm. B. Burford, aud. office exp.....	71.19
Wm. B. Burford, trus. office exp.....	21.06
Stone Product Co., bridge.....	52.61
John Daneke, supt. Wessell bridge.....	4.00
John Belkman, bridge repair.....	12.20
Lloyd Fish, bridge repair.....	28.75
Henry Lucas, bridge repair.....	63.75
E. J. Miller.....	62.90
Chris Moritz.....	20.10
Ephraim Brown.....	38.57
RAVEL ROAD REPAIR.	
C. C. Tindler, supt.....	174.21
O. F. Sterling, supt.....	22.48
Harrel Robertson, supt.....	129.60
Holmes Robertson, supt.....	181.39
J. M. Collins, supt.....	22.41
Andy J. Frey, supt.....	404.16
Henry Sommers, supt.....	46.31
Henry Wisniewer, supt.....	66.65
Louis Harlow supt.....	109.90
August Eggersman, supt.....	20.88
Geo. H. Hehman, supt.....	31.12
Joel Lucas, supt.....	2.70
John C. Steinkamp, supt.....	31.68
C. B. Durham, supt.....	13.29
Charles A. Adams, supt.....	216.85
Ed Dixon, supt.....	81.26
John R. Browning, supt.....	55.62

His Stomach Troubles Over.

Mr. Dyspeptic, would you like to feel that your stomach troubles were over, that you could eat any kind of food you desired without injury? That may seem so unlikely to you that you do not even hope for an ending of your trouble, but permit us to assure you that it is not altogether impossible. If others can be cured permanently, and thousands have been, why not you? John R. Barker, of Battle Creek, Mich., is one of them. He says, "I was troubled with heartburn, indigestion and liver complaint until I used Chamberlain's Tablets, then my trouble was over."

Sold by all dealers.

Advertisement.

Advertised List.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the postoffice at Seymour, Indiana, and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

LADIES.

Mrs. Sallie C. Van Dyke.

Miss L. Loras.

Mrs. Lena Meeh.

Mrs. Lois Scurrah.

Miss Bessie Wilson.

MEN.

Mr. H. C. Clay.

Mr. J. W. Evans.

Roy L. Greene.

Mr. Arthur Hammer.

Joe Hudson.

Fred Kane.

Mr. Meade McKain.

J. W. Owens.

Geo. Prather.

January 11 1914.

E. A. REMY, Postmaster.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

This remedy has no superior for coughs and colds. It is pleasant to take. It contains no opium or other narcotic. It always cures. For sale by all dealers.

Advertisement.

We do "Printing that Pleases."

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.

Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, and Blue Ribbon.

Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

MORSE'S LAXA-PIRIN COLD TABLETS

Positively will cure your Cold, LaGrippe or Headache with perfect ease

CONTAINS NO QUININE, but ASPIRIN instead. The greatest discovery known to Medical Science. Any Druggist will tell you that 90% of the physicians prescribe ASPIRIN in the treatment of these ailments instead of Quinine. Does not stuff up your head or cause sick stomach like Quinine does. If your druggist hasn't it, have him order it for you. Positively Guaranteed. For sale by all first-class druggists. Accept no substitute.

Price 25c



MR. HENRY PECK AND HIS FAMILY AFFAIRS

By Gross



CONVICT WORK ON  
PUBLIC HIGHWAYS

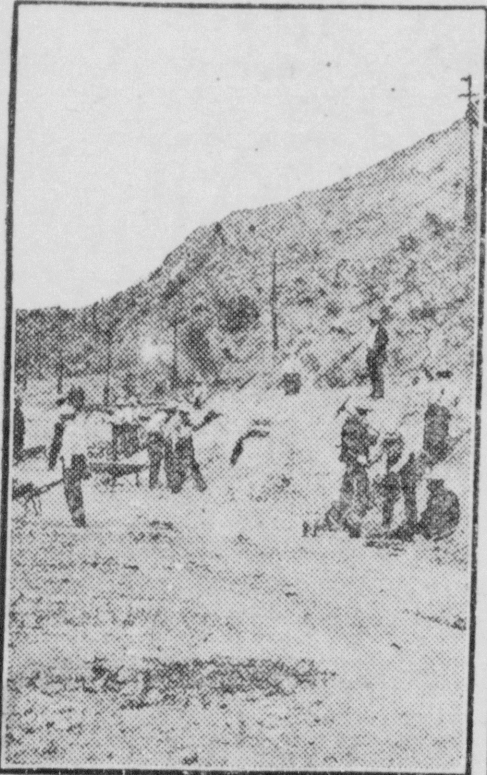
Majority of States Now Use  
Prison Labor.

DISCARD CONTRACT SYSTEM

During the Present Year Thirteen  
States Have Passed Laws Allowing  
the Use of Convicts in the Construc-  
tion and Repair of Roads.

Thirteen states have passed laws during the present year allowing the use of convicts in the construction and repair of highways, according to a compilation by Dr. E. Stagg Whitin, assistant in social legislation in Columbia university and chairman of the executive committee of the national committee on prison labor. They are Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Maine, New Jersey, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, Vermont, West Virginia and Wisconsin. As many other states had previously passed similar legislation, but few of the forty-eight states have not adopted the policy of using prisoners to build and maintain public roads.

West Virginia and Iowa are the two states whose laws regarding the working of convicts on highways stand out most prominently. So anxious was the governor of the former state to secure an effective law that he went to New York and with the assistance of representatives of the national committee on prison labor, of the road department of Columbia university and of the legislative drafting bureau worked out bills making compulsory the employment of convicts on the roads. The West Virginia law authorizes the county courts to make appropriations out of road funds for convict work; it states that the court shall sentence any male person over sixteen to road work instead of to the county jail; persons charged with misdemeanors unable to furnish bail shall work



CONVICTS AT WORK ON A STATE ROAD.

on the roads and if acquitted when tried shall be paid 50 cents a day for each day's work they perform; justices of the peace shall sentence to work on the roads persons convicted of crime whom otherwise they would send to the county jail.

Another feature of the West Virginia law is the establishment of a state road bureau to supervise any plans proposed by a county for using prison labor in road building. The plans approved, the county shall apply to the board of control for the number of prisoners required and shall state the length of time they shall be needed. The board shall, as far as possible, give equal service to each of the counties and shall determine which prisoners may be assigned to such work. The warden is to provide suitable and movable quarters, which shall be built, where possible, by convict labor. The convicts shall remain under direct control of the warden, their work, how-

ever, being under the supervision of the road bureau.

In Iowa the board of control of the state institutions with the advice of the warden of any penal institution, may permit able bodied male prisoners to work on the roads. The law specifically states such labor shall not be leased to contractors. A prisoner opposed to such work, or whose character and disposition make it probable that he would attempt escape or be unruly, is not to be worked on the highways. Although the prisoners are under the jurisdiction of the warden while building or repairing roads, their work is supervised by the state highway commissioner. Prisoners employed on the highways of Iowa receive such part of their earnings above the cost of their keep as the board deems equitable, the earnings either being funded or given to their dependent families. Before Iowa passed her present prison labor laws, George W. Cosson, attorney general of the state, made a thorough investigation of the prisons of his own and other states, and strongly denounced the contract system, under which the prisoners were employed up to that time. Mr. Cosson drew up the road bill and is of the opinion it will do much to drive the contract system out of the state.

MACADAM ROADS  
BECOME OBSOLETE.

Use of Concrete, at Least as Base, Ad-  
vocated by Experts.

"Waterbound macadam roads, which for practically a century have been adequate for the traffic, have now, under the new conditions, become obsolete, and their further construction means a serious waste of public funds," says former President Lewis R. Spence of the American Automobile association.

"Macadam may answer for side-roads and cross roads where there is little travel to wear the surface into dust and few fast moving vehicles to throw the dust into the air to be blown away. But for main roads a method of construction must be put in operation which will produce durable roads.

"Wherever it can be used concrete makes a most excellent road, or a road base for some other kind of surface. The state of California has adopted concrete construction for practically its entire system of state highways. Wayne county, Mich., has been building concrete roads for five years.

"Before the Wayne county authorities had learned by experience how to build concrete roads with expansion joints to prevent the concrete from cracking in cold weather and buckling in the hot sun, several miles of roads were built which broke into frequent cracks. To repair these cracked sections of road they poured hot bituminous material into the cracks and covered them with sand. This has worn to the level of the concrete, and the whole forms a smooth road to travel over, and one which looks as if it would stand for a generation at least.

"In some sections of the country the concrete is being used as a base, and two or three inches of broken stone, mixed with bituminous materials, put on for a surface. If properly built this kind of road should be very durable and should justify the additional expense.

"The concrete will furnish the strength required to hold up the loads which are constantly growing heavier while the bituminized surface will prevent the creation of dust, making the road pleasant to travel over.

"The only proper way to figure on the cost of a road is to consider both the original cost and the expense of maintenance for a period of ten or fifteen years. Under present conditions of travel a macadam road would have to be resurfaced every two or three years and would be in bad condition two-thirds of the time."

**Shot Himself in Jail.**

Marion, Ind., Jan. 12.—Eli A. Wilson, aged thirty-two, a barber, shot himself in the head, dying almost instantly, in the county jail. Wilson's wife was granted a divorce on the grounds of cruelty and drunkenness and he was placed under arrest on her complaint that he was making threats and attempting to break into the house, and she feared he would kill her. Upon entering the jail Wilson made an excuse to go to the toilet room, where the fatal shot was fired.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by his firm.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,  
Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.  
Advertisement.

WILLIAM REDWINE'S TRIAL

Accused of Killing Unwelcome Suitor  
of His Daughter.

Martinsville, Ind., Jan. 13.—The trial of William E. Redwine, accused of killing John Dawson, who lived near here, is in progress in the Morgan circuit court. The indictment against Redwine was brought last September.

Redwine was formerly a citizen of Boone county and afterward moved to this county and lived in the neighborhood of the deceased. Dawson was unmarried and sought the company of the daughter of Redwine. It is said that she did not resent his attentions at first, but later avoided his company.

After repeated request from her parents to remain away he came to the Redwine home on Easter morning last and expressed his wish to see the daughter, giving as his excuse that he wished to talk about some money she had borrowed from him. He was ordered away and his unwillingness so inflamed the father that he inflicted blows on the young man which resulted in the latter's death a few days later.

Best Cough Medicine for Children.

"I am very glad to say a few words in praise of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," writes Mrs. Lida Dewey, Milwaukee, Wis. "I have used it for years, both for my children and myself and it never fails to relieve and cure a cough or cold. No family with children should be without it as it gives almost immediate relief in cases of croup." Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is pleasant and safe to take, which is of great importance when a medicine must be given to your children. For sale by all dealers.  
Advertisement.

HE HAD TO DECIDE QUICKLY

Brakeman Chooses Between Loss of  
Foot and Death.

Huntington, Ind., Jan. 13.—James Shovling, an Erie brakeman, lost a foot when it became fast in a switch frog on the road at Kingsland. He was engaged in train switching when his left foot caught in the frog and held fast. The engine of his train was so near Shovling could not signal it to stop, and he threw his body to one side to save his life. The foot was severed.

Shovling endeavored to extricate his foot up to the last moment. When the engine was almost on him he had to choose between certain death and the loss of the foot, and he chose the latter. A minute longer and he might have freed his foot. In fact, he was hoping to the last second that his shoe laces would give way, but when the engine almost brushed his clothes he threw himself backward and the wheels crushed off the foot just above the ankle.

Chronic Constipation Cured.

"Five years ago I had the worst case of chronic constipation I ever knew of, and Chamberlain's Tablets cured me," writes S. F. Fish, Brooklyn, Mich. For sale by all dealers.  
Advertisement.

Calling Cards.

One hundred calling cards, single line, for 50c. Republican Office.

PRESIDENT WILSON ON  
GOOD ROADS.

"I tell you very frankly that my interest in good roads is not merely an interest in the pleasure of riding in automobiles; it is not merely an interest in the very much more important matter of affording the farmers in this country and the residents in villages the means of ready access to such neighboring markets as they need for economic benefit, but it is also the interest in weaving as complicated and elaborate a net of neighborhood and state and national opinions together as it is possible to weave.

"I believe that the development of great systems of roads is, psychologically speaking, as well as physically speaking, a task of statesmanship. I believe that it is the proper study of the statesman to bind communities together and open their intercourse so that it will flow with absolute freedom and facility.

"You cannot rationally increase the prosperity of this country without increasing the road facilities of the country."

Humor From the Hospital.

Perhaps the best story in Sir Edward Cook's "Life of Florence Nightingale" is that of a wounded Crimean sergeant who picked up a wounded comrade and stumbled back to camp. The rescued man turned out to be a general and waited on his rescuer in hospital. The latter, wrote Miss Nightingale, exclaimed: "Oh, general, it's you, is it, I brought in? I'm so glad I didn't know it was your honor, but if I'd known it was you I'd have saved you all the same!"

Easily Explained.

"I wonder what is the matter with me?" he said. "I have a feeling of depression and I can't throw it off, no matter how I try."

"I know what is the matter," his wife replied. "You have an engagement with the dentist at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning, you know."—Boston Transcript.

Charles Waller Sentenced.

Princeton, Ind., Jan. 12.—Charles Waller, a coal miner of Massey, this county, pleaded guilty to a charge of manslaughter in circuit court and was sentenced to a term of from two to twenty-one years in the state reformatory. Waller was arrested in connection with the killing of Mrs. Anna Riley at Massey a few weeks ago.

SEYMOUR MARKET.

Wagon Wheat	.....95c
New Corn	.....56c
Old Corn	.....68c
Shelled oats, per bu.	.....40c
Straw, wheat, ton	.....7.00
Straw, oats, ton	.....8.00
Hay, timothy, loose	.....\$16@19
Hay, timothy, baled	.....\$18@20
Hay, clover, ton	.....\$14@16
POULTRY.	
Hens, per pound	.....11c
Springs, per pound	.....10c
Guineas, apiece	.....25c
Ducks, per pound	.....9½c
Geese, per pound	.....8c
Old roosters, per pound	.....7c
Turkeys, per pound	.....14c
Old Toms, per pound	.....12c
Pigeons, per dozen	.....75c
Eggs, per dozen	.....27c
Butter, per pound	.....17c
HOGS.	
Top	.....\$7.15-\$7.40
Light	.....\$7.00-\$7.15
CATTLE.	
Butcher cattle	.....\$5.75@6.00
Veal calves, per lb.	.....\$6-\$7

Loaded

With Useful  
and Interesting  
Information

The complete directory of Seymour, Brownstown, Crothersville and Jackson County. Giving the name and location of all citizens, churches, schools and public buildings.

A book that should be in every home and business house. It comes handy every day in the year.

The book formerly sold at \$3.00, we want to sell the few that are left quickly.

While They Last.

\$3.00  
VALUE

\$1.00

The SEYMOUR REPUBLICAN



# HARD AT IT

## Moving the IDEAL STORE'S

# \$20,000.00

Stock of Dry Goods, Coats, Suits and Furs to our own Department Store, where, as soon as the goods can be arranged and marked, we will begin one of the greatest Price Reduction Sales ever attempted in Southern Indiana. WAIT FOR IT! WATCH FOR IT! "YOU WILL BUY IT FOR LESS."

**GOLD MINE DEPARTMENT STORE**  
SEYMOUR, INDIANA

# TIME EXTENDED

Possibly you were busy preparing for the splendid Christmas this year and have waited until now to join

## The Christmas Money Club

for 1914. You are still in time!

### YOU MAY JOIN ANY TIME IN JANUARY

**What Is It?**

**For What Purpose?**

**When Can I Join?**

**What Do I Save Each Week?**

**What Do I Receive at Christmas?**

**Will I Receive a Receipt for Payments?**

**When Do I Make Payments?**

**Can I Possibly Lose Anything?**

A Savings Plan. You make fifty weekly payments and will get your money on or before December 15, 1914.

- 1 To provide Christmas Money.
- 2 A feeder for larger savings.
- 3 To develop the savings habit.

Any time up to the end of January. First payment due December 29. Persons joining after December 29 will make back payments. Select your division and join now.

You may begin the weekly payments with 1c, 2c, 5c, 50c, or \$1.00 or you may reverse the order, paying the largest amount first and decreasing the amount each week.

The 1c division will amount to \$12.75.  
The 2c division will amount to \$25.50.  
The 5c division will amount to \$63.75.  
The 50c division will amount to \$25.00.  
The \$1.00 division will amount to \$50.00.

You may have two or more memberships in the same division, or in different divisions.

If you want a special amount for Christmas, the clerk will show you what division to use. The clerk will then give you a Christmas Money Club record card which will show the amount you are to pay each week throughout the club period, and when you make payments the clerk will punch out the amount paid. The card shows the entire amount you have paid at any time, as well as the amount remaining to be paid.

Payments in all divisions are due weekly, but for your convenience, they may be made in advance. This is advised when possible. It is not necessary to make payments personally. You may send your card to the bank with the amount.

If for any reason you are unable to keep up the payments for the full fifty weeks, you will receive in full the amount paid in. If you lose your card, notify the bank at once, another card will be given you. You do not lose anything in this event, as the bank will have a duplicate card showing the amount you have paid in.

Let us know the amount you want at Christmas and we will arrange the payments to suit you.

**DO NOT DELAY.** Select your division and join now

## The Jackson County Loan & Trust Co.

Open Saturday and Monday Nights—7 to 8:30

### K.D. Mann Automobile Garage

Repairs and Accessories

All Repairs Guaranteed

### Agents for K-R-I-T

AUTOMOBILE LIVERY

26 E. Third St.  
Phone No. 261.

### Don't Borrow Your Neighbor's Paper.

It's Worth the Price to Get It Fresh From the Press

If You Want to Gain a Prize, Be Judicious—ADVERTISE.

## THE REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH, Editor and Publisher

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana, Post-office as Second-class Matter.

DAILY.

One Year.....	\$5.00
Six Months.....	2.50
Three Months.....	1.25
One Month.....	.45
One Week.....	.10

TUESDAY, JANUARY 13, 1914.

PRINCIPLES MOST ESSENTIAL.

In the reorganization of the Republican party which is now in progress, it is important to remember that principles are more essential than leaders. The great success of the party from the time of its organization can be attributed very largely to its sound principles of government and equal rights. To this party must be given the credit for practically all of the great reforms that have been wrought since slavery was forever stamped out of existence and it held its place of power and strength until the battle for principle was overshadowed by the battle for leadership.

In the Republican party there have always been able leaders to direct its fights for the rightful settlement of great questions. If the members of this organization will first agree upon a platform containing those elements of government which protect all citizens and will insure the safety of the nation, there will be any number of competent leaders ready to carry the banner of Republicanism in the coming campaign. A fight for right is more than a party battle and no difficulty will be encountered in enlisting the aid of broad minded American citizens who believe in perpetuating the fundamental principles which have resulted in the rapid but substantial growth of our country.

The authorities of the Republican party in Indiana have further realized that the success of the organization will depend to a large degree upon young men, those who have not been carried away by hero worship and who have faith in the sound principles of the party. Upon the young men must fall the duties of leadership. They have the energy, strength and enthusiasm necessary to bring the party back to its place of supremacy and will do so not for personal reasons but because they believe that the nation will best prosper and flourish in the hands of that organization. Factional trouble must be eliminated if the Republican party is to win for success can come only by cooperation.

The Republican party is not dead as its opponents are trying to make themselves believe. In fact, it is on the threshold of a new life of greater activity than ever before. It is in a position where it can lead in the fight for those things which should be done and which no other political organization can do as successfully. In the past year the party has shown remarkable "come-back" ability which is evidence of its ultimate supremacy. The future is now open to the Republican party—that party of principle and of right. But, it must not depend upon its past record, it must be a party of the present day, dealing with the problems of the day and working for the advancement that must be accomplished in the future.

Strickland Gillilan, of the Indianapolis Star, whose ready pen exceeds the speed limit four ways from the monument at the same time, has resurrected the cornflower question and claims that he has actually been devoting himself to some careful botanical research work and now knows all about the plant. He observes that the Sunday name of the cornflower is *centaurea cyanus* but that it is fully described by Webster under its nickname of "Bachelor Button." This authentic information is indeed timely and will doubtless prevent someone from holding to the conclusion that a cornflower is one whose pedals require the services of a chiropodist. In regard to Webster's dictionary it is also stated therein that a cornflower may have a red bloom, but we take it the novelists did not refer to that red bloom frequently seen on the northside of a man's nose after he has partaken too freely of corn juice.

Judge Deery of the Indianapolis Police court is endeavoring to stop the useless and dangerous practice of carrying concealed weapons. A few days ago he fined one man \$100 and yesterday fined another \$25 and sent him to the work house for sixty days. If he continues this course for a few weeks it is safe to predict that very few prisoners charged with "gun totin'" will be brought before him. There is seldom any justifiable excuse for a man carrying a fire arm around with him and it often gets him in serious trouble.

## GIVE THE BURGLAR THE "HA, HA!" BANK YOUR CASH WITH US



SOME people extend invitations to the THIEF AND HOLDUP MAN. They carry on their persons or in their homes large sums of money. A CHECK BOOK is of no use to the professional thief. Still, a check is AS GOOD AS CASH to the tradesman or for the immediate household wants. If you haven't a bank account

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## PREPARE FOR 1914

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Borrow it from us. Pay all the small bills. Start the New Year right and pay us back in

EASY WEEKLY OR MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

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Any Time	\$ 25.00 for \$1.50 interest, 3 mos.	Any Amount
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AGENT IN OFFICE FRIDAY OF EACH WEEK.

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9½ W. Second St. With John Congdon.  
Loans on Furniture, Pianos, etc.  
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With a Complete Line of Singer Sewing machines and Supplies

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Everything Electrical

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EX-BANDIT SEEKS TO BE GOVERNOR

Al Jennings Tells Why He Wants to Rule Oklahoma.

WOULD REFORM PRISONS.

Man Who Was a Train Robber Sympathizes With First Offenders—Explains Why He Quit Life of Crime and Scores Respected Rogues Less Crude Than He Was.

Al J. Jennings, ex-train robber and federal prisoner, who won the Democratic nomination for county attorney of Oklahoma county, Okla., in 1912, is about to announce his candidacy for the governorship of the state of Oklahoma.

"I am entering the race," said Mr. Jennings in New York recently, "as a Democrat. Many of my friends have urged me to seek an independent nomination, but I have always been a Democrat. My object is to clean up the party in Oklahoma. I intend to fight double dealing, political thieves, with whom no self respecting outlaw of former years can associate.

"All I want is to see absolutely honest men at the head of the government, and after I have announced my candidacy if some man whose integrity and uprightness are unquestioned becomes a candidate I shall withdraw and support him with all of my ability.

Why Jennings Reformed.

"Some people do not seem to be able to understand how an outlaw, an ex-train robber and federal prisoner can become sincerely law abiding and a reformer in politics, but the explanation is simple. I made a mistake and defied the law. I was caught and punished—kept five years in prison—and then saw how I had been wrong to become an enemy of society. I decided to reclaim my place in society and set about doing it. As soon as I became a free man, living in a free community I began to appreciate the differences between lawbreaking and the consequences thereof, and that made me a political reformer.

"I had been a train robber, a crude, open defier of society, and I had been caught and punished. I saw all about me men who were the best clothes and stood high in society robbing the people right and left and not getting caught or being punished. They were not as primitive as I had been in the method they chose. They did things in the dark and only appeared in the open when they had on their Sunday clothes, so to speak."

Mr. Jennings says he will carry on the same kind of aggressive, personal campaign for the gubernatorial nomination as he carried on for the county attorneyship. He claims he has no money behind him and will not be able to establish headquarters.

"I will stump the state," he said, "and speak from the street corners and halls wherever I can."

Mr. Jennings said that if he is elected governor he will make it his chief object to enforce the law without respect to persons, but that from lessons derived during his own prison experience he will also apply himself to prison reform in Oklahoma.

Pledges Aid to First Offenders.

"I favor the adoption of a reformatory parole system," he said, "by which first offenders can be given a chance to redeem themselves. I think that a young man who is convicted for the first time should be allowed to stay at home and work under the watchful eye of the state instead of being locked up in a prison where, in all probability, he will be made a confirmed criminal. There will be no wholesale release of prisoners if I become governor. I will exercise the power of pardon and parole with the view of reclaiming for society every man I can. As long as there is a chance of making a good citizen of a man we should try to do so."

Jennings was a train robber in Oklahoma and the southwest for several years before his final capture in 1897 and subsequent conviction in a federal court. He served a few years in the prison at Columbus, O., before being pardoned by President McKinley. His citizenship was later restored by President Roosevelt, and he began the practice of law in Oklahoma City. In 1912 he ran for the Democratic nomination as county attorney of Oklahoma county against six other candidates. Before the primaries five of the candidates withdrew to concentrate the vote against him, but in spite of this he obtained the nomination. At the general election he was defeated by a narrow margin by a Republican who was supported by both the Republican and Democratic organizations.

Daniels Lauds Naval Heroes.

"The secretary of the navy has high ly commended Oscar B. Peterson, officer, on duty on board the U. S. S. Boston at Portland, Ore., for risking his life to save a man from drowning in the Columbia river, Charles Zebby, seaman, and Albert D. Russell, fireman, second class, have also been recommended by the secretary. An enlisted man fell overboard at Portsmouth, N. H., and Zebby jumped overboard. The water was icy cold and the current so strong that both were nearly lost. Russell started to undress and jump after the men, but was restrained. The two men were rescued by a boat.

News Films of the Passing Show

A man seven feet one inch tall married a woman of four feet eleven inches in Texas.

The mother of girl triplets at Wilmington, Del., has named them Jessie, Margaret and Eleanor, after the president's daughters.

A difference of 1 cent in the books of Tarrytown, N. Y., caused the village clerk and village treasurer to go over tax collections amounting to \$111,000.

A newly elected justice of the peace of Fayette City, Pa., offered a new stove, a five dollar bill and the ceremony free to the first couple applying to him for marriage.

Officials of the University of Michigan and of the other colleges of the state urge a circular "dry zone" surrounding each college, no saloon being permitted nearer than five miles.

As the culmination of a courtship of fifty years ago, William Knox and Mrs. Elizabeth Tunnell were married recently at Chincoteague, Va. The wedding is the fourth venture of each.

Aroused by a fire alarm at Waterbury, Conn., a retired fire horse kicked down the door of its stall, dashed out of the barn and raced across the city to his old fire station, where it whinnied for admittance.

WESTON WILL WALK OLD MEN IN SIX DAY MATCH.

To Pit Team Against Younger Opponents to Settle Question of Prowess.

Edward Payson Weston, seventy-five-year-old world famous pedestrian is arranging a walking contest which will have a scientific interest for those who insist that age brings with it a general inability to perform, even after a fashion, those feats of an athletic nature which a few years back were easy of accomplishment.

The general proposition is a test between youth and old age in a "go-as-you-please" contest on a measured track. It is stated that the veteran walker's experience has led him to believe that a man at forty years is to a man of sixty-five years as fifteen years is to nine years in walking capacity.

Weston is about to institute a contest where, on the same track, a team of men at or beyond the sixty-five year age limit will be pitted against a similar number of men none of whom is over forty-five years of age, with a handicapping system based on the allowance of walking time on the track.

The test is to cover a period of six days, and the younger men will be given nine hours each day in which to gain their total mileage, while the older group will have an allowance of fifteen hours during each twenty-four in which to endeavor to equal or beat the efforts of their youthful opponents.

Five thousand dollars will be distributed among the several contestants according to the records made. While no date or place has been fixed for the proposed contest, it has tentatively been agreed upon that May of this year would be a fitting time.

HER CROOKED SPINE MENDED.

Bone From Shin Wedged Into Vertebrae Makes Deformed Girl Erect.

A marvelous double operation performed in Cleveland, O., has made Pauline Bell, thirteen years old, whose back was deformed from birth, an erect, healthy girl who will be able to run and play like other children.

Pauline was placed on an operating table at Mount Sinai hospital and "ironed out all straight and smooth," as she says. First of all, a slender splinter of bone three inches long was taken from the shinbone of her right leg. Then a groove was cut into the vertebrae on the inner side of the spine, just where it was bent.

Into this groove the straight splinter of bone then was firmly wedged. Immediately afterward the little patient was put into a plaster cast. In this cast, face downward, Pauline lay for nearly two weeks without stirring. Then she was propped up in bed for the first time in five weeks, and finally she sat up, her back as straight as the cast in which she is still wrapped.

YACHTSMEN'S MAGIC EIGHT.

That Number of Letters Favored For Name of Vanderbilt Cup Racer.

Sentiment is taking hold in the matter of providing a name for the Vanderbilt syndicate cup yacht, designed by Nat Horreshoff, and it is a matter of public discussion about the Horreshoff boat shops at Bristol, R. I., that the new racer, yet in the initial stages of construction, will have a name of eight letters, conforming to a sentimental policy of long standing relative to cup yachts. A multitude of names has been suggested informally, but the naming of the yacht may not take place for weeks to come.

It is pointed out that the Reliance, Vigilant, Defender and Columbia, all successful cup yachts, had each only eight letters in their names, while the Constitution, a cup candidate in 1901, had several more letters in her name. She was not selected.

It is said that having eight letters in yacht's name is a good omen.

SPOT LIGHT IS ON HISTORIC FAIRFAX

Virginia In Fight to Regain Martha Washington Will.

INSISTS MORGAN GIVE IT UP

Testament Cut From the Records of Fairfax County During Civil War and Discovered in Father's Library Six Years Ago Is Prized Beyond Price in the Old Dominion.

The stage is being set for a bitter battle between the state of Virginia and J. Pierpont Morgan in Virginia's avowed intention of recovering "at all costs" the will of Martha Washington, which was stolen from the records of Fairfax county, Va., during the civil war. This historical document is in the possession of the New York financier, who has declined to accede to the request of the state that he surrender it.

Representative Charles C. Carlin, who represents the Fairfax district, has come forward to aid the state and county officials to recover the will.

"The people of Virginia are aroused over this matter," said the congressman recently. "The will is ours, and we are going to have it restored to where it belongs."

"Virginia will recover the will of Martha Washington at all costs," declared Crandall Mackey, commonwealth attorney for Alexandria county. "Until Mr. Morgan persisted in his refusal to return the will to the archives from which it was purloined the fight was one between him and the people of Fairfax county, to whom the document belongs, but now it has become a state wide question."

Will Lost For Fifty Years.

The will of Martha Washington, wife of the first president of the United States, was cut from the records of Fairfax county while the war between the states was raging in that part of Virginia. Virginians believe that one of General McDowell's soldiers carried off the Martha Washington will along with other records, but how it got into Mr. Morgan's possession no one seems to be able to guess.

For more than fifty years the people of Fairfax county have searched for the Martha Washington will, which they prized very highly as a relic. Not long ago some one who saw the will among Mr. Morgan's collection notified a friend in Fairfax, and an effort was made to have the document returned to where Virginians say it rightfully and legally belongs.

Mrs. John S. Barbour, regent of the Falls Church (Va.) chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, acting for her organization, wrote and asked Mr. Morgan to return the will, which, she said, had been "taken from the records of Fairfax county, Va."

An unfavorable reply was received from Mr. Morgan's librarian.

Futile Appeals to Elder Morgan.

The report that the Washington will was in the Morgan collection first was heard six years ago. Several letters were sent to the elder Morgan, but he never replied to any of them, so it is said.

After his death the Fairfax people became interested in the will again. The Daughters of the American Revolution and the Falls Church chapter joined forces in an effort to recover the testament. When gentleman means failed it was decided to enlist the aid of the state.

The suit planned to recover the will is unique in that the state of Virginia sues an individual before the supreme court of the United States. It is one of the few instances where a state has sued a citizen in the supreme court.

Ferdinand D. Richardson, father of the present clerk of Fairfax county, was clerk of the county when the will was taken.

Mrs. Washington's estate at the time the will was made was one of the largest in the south.

REDFIELD ON PROSPERITY.

Secretary of Commerce Makes Bright Forecast For Year.

In an article in the Chicago Tribune Secretary of Commerce Redfield forecasts prosperity for 1914 and scoffs at pessimistic predictions. He says in part:

"The facts are such as should fill us all with hope. There is little in them to justify either doubt for the present or fear for the future."

The crop of winter wheat already planted to mature next summer is not only in finer condition than a year ago, but is of much larger extent, promising well for the future if weather conditions prove favorable and certainly justifying no present anxiety.

Referring to American industries, he says, "One does not need to be worried by this cry of wolf, for the cry has been made before, and the wolf did not come."

Asks Divorce Because He's Bald.

Because he is bald and his wife sent him a comb and brush as a Christmas present, Jeremiah Schlestenberg of Midway, Pa., began an action for divorce on the grounds of cruel and barbarous treatment. "I can't grow hair on my head and I can't stand her jibes," says Schlestenberg.

My Old Kentucky Home

Jan. 13 marks the fiftieth anniversary of the death of Stephen Collins Foster, the American song writer "My Old Kentucky Home," one of his most famous compositions, is here-with given:

The sun shines bright in the old Kentucky home;

'Tis summer, the darkeys are gay, The corn top's ripe, and the meadow's in the bloom.

While the birds make music all the day, The young folks roll on the little cabin floor.

All merry, all happy and bright, By an' by hard times come a-knocking at the door;

Then, my old Kentucky home, good night!

Weep no more, my lady;

Oh, weep no more today! We will sing one song for the old Kentucky home,

For the old Kentucky home far away.

They hunt no more the possum and the coon

On the meadow, the hill and the shore; They sing no more by the glimmer of the moon

On the bench by the old cabin door. The day goes by like a shadow o'er the heart.

With sorrow, where all was delight. The time has come when the darkeys have to part

Then, my old Kentucky home, good night!

Weep no more, my lady, etc.

The head must bow, and the back will have to bend.

Wherever the darkey may go, A few more days and the trouble all will end

In the fields where the sugar canes grow, A few more days for to tote the weary load—

No matter; 'twill never be light. A few more days till we totter on the road

Then, my old Kentucky home, good night!

Weep no more, my lady, etc.

FOUND ODD WAYS OF EARNING AN EDUCATION.

Columbia Student Group Made \$57,705. One Worked as a Bootblack.

The quest for funds with which to pay his way through college brought a student of Columbia university, New York, to his knees last summer as a bootblack. In two weeks he saved \$20. Then he turned mason and saved \$15 in another two weeks. Next, he took up farm labor and saved another \$20. The total gave him a good start on the winter's tuition bill.

Other needy Columbia men spent the hot summer months in much the same way and, while their wealthier classmates were idling, earned \$57,705.76 an increase of almost \$20,000 over 1912, according to the report given out by the appointments committee, which for the first time in years was responsible for practically half of the money earned by the students, or \$28,312.53, which is \$13,000 more than in the preceding year.

One budding youth of the third year class conducted a party through Europe, which netted him all his expenses and a little pocket money besides. Another earned \$25 writing signs and trimming windows and then turned his hand at taking at country fairs, which netted him \$100 and expenses.

An engineering student sold real estate and at night clerked at a soda fountain for a gross gain of \$150. Another worked at night as an automobile salesman and earned \$320 in the four months. One engineering student earned \$150 as a pharmacist and another put in the summer as a mate on a sailing yacht and netted \$50 in addition to expenses.

CHAMBERLAIN, VETERAN M. P.

Summary of the Activities of the Famous Statesman About to Retire.

Joseph Chamberlain, who at seventy-seven has announced that he will retire from the English parliament at the next general election, has represented Birmingham in the house of commons since 1876. He is in poor health and has been ailing since his resignation from the Unionist cabinet in 1903. His last appearance in the house of commons was at the opening of the session in 1911. He was assisted into the chamber, took his oath and went away again. He has not made a speech in the house for eight years.

After one defeat for parliament in 1873 Mr. Chamberlain was elected in 1876. He was returned in 1880, and when Mr. Gladstone formed a new cabinet immediately afterward Mr. Chamberlain became president of the board of trade, a post which carries a portfolio with it.

Mr. Gladstone chose him for president of the local government board in the cabinet of 1885, but soon after that he differed with the premier on the home rule question and resigned. He was returned to parliament as a member of the Unionist party, which he formed out of the Conservative elements. It was to this party that Mr. Gladstone later owed his defeat.

From 1895 to 1903 Mr. Chamberlain was secretary of state for the colonies and shouldered great responsibility in the conduct of the Boer war.

Shooting Galleries in Public Schools.

Because of the casualty list among hunters the Racine County (Wis.) Farmers' Protective association will petition the legislature for laws to provide that shooting galleries be established in every city school for girls and boys between fourteen and sixteen; that no license be issued to any one who cannot read and understand it.

PELLAGRA NOW MENACES NATION

Fifty Thousand Known Cases in the Last Six Years.

FUNDS NEEDED TO FIGHT IT

Startling Report of Surgeon General Blue to Secretary McAdoo Is Likely to Result in Call Upon Congress to Make Appropriation For a Hospital in the South.

So alarming are the reports of the spread of pellagra laid before Secretary McAdoo by Surgeon General Blue of the public health service that congress probably will be urged to make a special appropriation to rent a hospital building in the south, establish laboratories there and make a study of the disease in all its phases.

Since the disease was discovered in 1907 there have been about 50,000 cases of it in thirty-four states of the Union, and a national remedy, a national defense, is said to be imperatively needed.

While pellagra has been recognized for several hundred years, it is still one of the most baffling diseases with which the medical profession deals. The public health service has been struggling hard with investigations of the disease since its discovery in this country a half dozen years ago, but the alarming extent to which it has spread has brought a flood of appealing letters to Secretary McAdoo and has led to a determination to urge congress to act quickly.

Sometimes Causes Insanity.

In some of its phases pellagra resembles leprosy, and in some respects it is even more to be dreaded than leprosy, physicians say, because pellagra frequently affects the mental organism and leaves its victims insane.

One physician, in reporting conditions in his locality, recently said:

"Calling it 'pellagra,' the public does not know the nature of the malady and gives very little heed to its great menace, but were we to speak of it as leprosy the whole country would be crying out in wild alarm. And, so far as the public menace goes, we are not yet justified in saying that it is not just as great a dread as leprosy itself."

Corn Diet Theory Unproved.

There has been a popular notion that it is caused by a corn diet, but physicians are not yet ready to adopt that theory. One of the chief purposes in establishing the special hospital is to develop research in that direction. It is also unknown whether or not the disease is communicable and by what means it is transferred, if at all.

The most characteristic symptom of the disease is an acute rash on the hands and parts of the body. This manifestation is said oftentimes to resemble a scald or severe sunburn. Soon after this appears, in severe cases, the patient becomes seriously ill, and many times death or insanity quickly follows. Sometimes the attacks disappear and recur with increased violence.

While probably existent in parts of the United States for a great many years, pellagra was an unknown and a negligible quantity in this country until six years ago. Appearing then and recognized in small numbers in Alabama, it has since steadily increased in the number of its victims, and the territory involved, until it has become a national problem.

GEN. BUCKNER IN HISTORY.

Last Confederate Lieutenant General Responsible For Grant's Sobriquet.

With the death of General Simon Bolivar Buckner in his ninety-first year the last lieutenant general of the Confederate army has passed to the great beyond. General Buckner was a former governor of Kentucky and candidate for vice president on the gold Democratic ticket in 1896. He was leader of the Law and Order league, which helped to put down night riding in Kentucky.

General Buckner commanded a Confederate brigade at the battle of Donelson, surrendering the fort on Feb. 16 to General Grant, and it was through General Buckner that General Grant became known as "Unconditional Surrender" Grant. Buckner wanted to know what terms he could get if he gave up.

"No other terms than an unconditional surrender can be accepted," replied the Union general. "I propose to move immediately upon your works."

General Buckner was the oldest living graduate of West Point.

LIVER DIET CAUSE OF GOITER.

Discovery Is Made Through Experiments on Fish.

Goiter is caused by improper nutrition, according to an announcement in the Journal of Experimental Medicine, the official organ of the Rockefeller Institute For Medical Research.

Dr. David Marine of the H. K. Cushing laboratory of Western Reserve university in Cleveland has demonstrated that brook trout fed on liver in hatcheries developed the disease and that a group fed with whole sea fish did not contract it. Fish suffering from goiter recovered on a sea fish diet.

The observations of Dr. Marine are important, as the exact cause of the disease has been unknown.

WILLIAM S. HOWARD

Georgia Congressman Threatens a Turn-Over at Atlanta Prison.



Washington, Jan. 13.—Important developments bearing upon the management of the federal prison at Atlanta, are expected in Washington. Friends of Representative W. S. Howard of Georgia, who presented charges reflecting on the present conduct of the Atlanta prison, have urged him to take up the question with President Wilson. It is altogether probable that Mr. Howard will act in accordance with this advice.

CHEEKY PROPOSITION IS FLATLY REJECTED

Loan Shark King Must Serve His Full Term.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 13.—Declaring that a millionaire convict should receive no more consideration than a pauper convict, Governor Glynn has flatly denied the application of Daniel H. Tolman, the loan shark king, that he be relieved from serving the two months and a half balance of his sentence in the penitentiary on Hart's Island if he agreed not to collect usurious interest on \$500,000 in notes. In denying the application Governor Glynn said:

"It would take from now until the termination of Tolman's sentence and even longer, to learn how many people would actually benefit by the proposed destruction of notes. The acceptance of such a proposition would open the way for men of means to secure a pardon that is not open to poor men. I know of no reason why a millionaire criminal should be treated any differently than a pauper criminal."

VICTIM OF MADDENED DEER

Aged Game Keeper Cored to Death in Hawley Deer Park.

Babylon, L. I., Jan. 13.—In a desperate fight with a herd of maddened deer led by a huge antlered buck, Patrick Horan, a keeper of the deer park on the late Edwin Hawley's estate at West Islip, was gored to death. No one saw the battle, but a bloodstained pitheferk, a broken club, ground torn up for many rods and blood dripping wounds on the deer themselves, were mute witnesses to the terrific struggle the aged man put up for his life.

The Haytian revolt is spreading all over the black republic. It has reached even the capital and it is said that the Orestes administration cannot last more than a few weeks.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Prevailing Current Prices For Grain and Livestock.

Indianapolis Grain and Livestock. Wheat—Wagon, 95c; No. 2 red, 98 1/2c. Corn—No. 3, 65 1/2c. Oats—No. 2 white, 40c. Hay—Baled, \$17.50 @ 19.50; timothy, \$18.50 @ 20.50; mixed, \$16.50 @ 17.50. Cattle—\$3.00 @ 8.75. Hogs—\$7.00 @ 8.40. Sheep—\$3.00 @ 5.25. Lambs—\$5.00 @ 8.00. Receipts—Cattle, 700; hogs, 8,500; sheep, 250.

At Cincinnati. Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.01. Corn—No. 2, 71c. Oats—No. 2, 41c. Cattle—\$4.00 @ 8.25. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 8.45. Sheep—\$2.50 @ 4.50. Lambs—\$6.00 @ 8.35.

At Chicago. Wheat—No. 2 red, 98c. Corn—No. 2, 65c. Oats—No. 2, 39c. Cattle—Steers, \$5.60 @ 9.30; stockers and feeders, \$5.00 @ 7.40. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 8.40. Sheep—\$4.75 @ 6.05. Lambs—\$6.75 @ 8.25.

At St. Louis. Wheat—No. 2 red, 99 1/2c. Corn—No. 2, 70c. Oats—No. 2, 41c. Cattle—Steers, \$5.00 @ 9.75. Hogs—\$6.00 @ 8.45. Sheep—\$3.75 @ 6.00. Lambs—\$5.50 @ 8.40.

At East Buffalo. Cattle—\$3.75 @ 9.60. Hogs—\$6.50 @ 8.50. Sheep—\$2.50 @ 6.25. Lambs—\$5.50 @ 8.40.

Wheat at Toledo. May, \$1.04 1/2; cash, 99 1/2c.



# THE NE'ER-DO-WELL

A Romance of the Panama Canal  
BY  
REX BEACH

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## CHAPTER XVII.

### An Awakening.

HE was in no more satisfactory frame of mind when, on the next afternoon, he shouldered his gun and set out for the country. He went directly to the fairy pool, and waited there in a very fever of anxiety. Despite the coolness and peace of the place, he felt his pulses throb and his face burn. If she came, it would mean everything to him. If she stayed away—why, then he would have to believe that after all the real Gertrudis Garavel had spoken last night at the opera. The sound of a voice shot through his troubled thoughts like a beam of sunlight through a dark room.

"Oh, Señor Antonio! How you startled me!"

Instantly his self-possession came back. He felt relieved and gay.

"Good afternoon, queen!" He rose and bowed politely. "I thought I saw one underneath the waterfall just now."

"Who would have expected you to be here?" she cried, with an extreme and obviously counterfeit amazement that filled him with delight.

"I'm lost," he declared; then, after one look into her eyes, he added, "Absolutely, utterly, irretrievably lost. Won't you sit down?"

"Since we have met quite by accident, perhaps it would not be so very improper." She laughed mischievously and settled uncertainly beside him like a butterfly just alighting, ready to take flight again on the instant.

"Perhaps I can help you to find your way, señor?" she said, with ingenuous politeness.

"You are the only one who can, Miss Garavel. I don't know that I ever told you, but I'm in love."

"Indeed?"

"I am the most miserably happy person in the world, for I have just this moment begun to believe that the young lady likes me a little bit."

"Oh! But I forgot—the real reason why I came. I have something I must tell you."

"All right. But honestly now, didn't you want to come?"

She turned upon him in a little burst of passion. "Yes!" she cried. "Of course I did! I wished to come, madly, señor. It makes my heart patter, like that"—she made her little fingers "patter"—"to be wooed even by a Yankee. But I do not love you in the least. Oh no! Even if I wished to do so, there are too many reasons why I could not, and when I explain you will understand."

"I know. It's Ramon Alfarez. You're halfway engaged to him. But you know you don't love him."

"Ah, it is not too sure! He is of fine family, he is rich, he is handsome. Not possibly could I care for any man who was not all of those. All my life I have thought him a very sweet gentleman, and for a long time it has been agreed that I should be his wife. There are so many reasons why I should say yes."

"You haven't mentioned any that would be binding in law."

"My father's wish. Is not that sufficient?"

"You disregarded that once."

"That was but a flutter. All the time I knew I should be Ramon's wife when the time arrived. Perhaps I could refuse to wed a man my father chose for me, but no nice Spanish girl would dare to wed a man her father did not like. Do you see?"

"But it's no cinch your father won't positively hunger for me once we get chummy."

"You are too different, you disregard our customs, you are bold. You continue to come here against my wishes, which no Spanish gentleman would dare to do."

"Oh, I'm no Spanish gentleman. I'm just an emotional blond. But I'm bound to marry you. Let's arrange the details. Shall it be a church wedding?"

She laughed deliciously. "What a nice game it is we have played! But now I must talk seriously."

"You witch!" he breathed. "Do you think I could ever give you up?"

She checked him gravely. "Truly it was just a game, and yet it was not altogether so either. But here is what I came to say. The strangest thing has happened. Not until last night after the opera did I even dream of it, and even now I cannot believe. Oh, I am so proud! Coming home from the theater my father told me—oh, the most wonderful thing. I promised very faithfully not to tell, so—he is to be the next president-of-Panama."

"Pres"—Anthony stared at her in frank amazement. "Why, I thought Old Man Alfarez—"

"It seems your country does not like

him because he hates Americans—see? Now that you know the truth you must see at once that by no means could I marry to a person like you."

"Why not?"

"Oh! Don't you understand? I shall be the finest lady in the republic. All the men will adore me. I will have suitors—not one or two as now, but many. My father will be the most famous man of all the republic—perhaps in the whole world. I don't know."

"I don't think it will make any difference with him when he knows who I am. I'll tackle your father, and I'll promise to vote for him."

"You are very funny." She gazed at him seriously, one tiny foot curled under her, her chin nestling into her palm.

"Do you love me?"

"Not one single speck. I merely like you to make love to me and cause my heart to jump."

The little hypocrite continued to voice words of warning and denial, though her eyes invited him, and for a long time they continued this delightful play of pleading and evasion. But at last Chiquita jumped up with a great appearance of alarm.

"Heavens, the time!" she cried. "I have stayed too long by much. Stephanie will miss me."

He rose and stretched out his hand as if to hold her.

"Shall I come again tomorrow?"

She drew suddenly nearest.

"No, no, señor. That is something you should not ask. If ever we are to meet again it must be with my father's consent. Please! Do not urge, for truly I would have to refuse." She let her palm rest in his an instant, and her cheek went scarlet as he pressed it to his lips. Then she said: "Go, Mr. Brzen One. How greatly it surprised me to find you here I cannot say. It gave me such a start! And, Señor Antonio—my father may be found any day at his bank." Before he could detain her she was gone, flitting up the path with just one flashing smile of mischief over her shoulder.

Anthony went home with his head in the clouds. All his doubts were now at rest; for while Chiquita had stubbornly denied him all encouragement, he felt sure that her heart had answered. It was in the highest spirits, therefore, that he opened a letter he found awaiting him and read as follows:

Dear Kirk—I hope you are heartily sick of yourself and ready to do something decent for a change. Knowing your aristocratic habits as I do, I realize you must owe a lot of money by this time, and your new friends must be getting tired of you. I have been expecting you to draw on me daily and am taking this occasion to warn you in your own vernacularly acquired colloquial English that "there is nothing doing"—except upon one condition. If you will agree to behave yourself in future I will pay your debts, send you west and give you a job as operator at \$40 a month. But you will go where I send you and you will stay where you are put. I will do the thinking for both of us and judge of your associates. Maybe if you prove to be any good at all I will arrange with the police to let you spend your vacations in "that dear New York" which still shows signs of your red paint brush. I would be pleased to have an apology by return mail, so that I may meet you in New Orleans and start you off once more on the road to decency and self-respect. You will never be a success at anything, but I am always ready to do my duty. This is my last offer, and if you refuse you may distinctly and definitely go to the devil. As ever your loving father,  
DARWIN K. ANTHONY.

P. S.—I can get good operators for \$30 a month. The extra \$10 is pure sentiment.

Spurred by his present exhilaration, Kirk wrote an answer, which he read with a good deal of satisfaction before sealing it up:

Dear Dad—You affectionate letter with the kind offer to take charge of a siding out in the Dakotas is at hand. I would like to help you along with your business, but "Upward and Onward" is my motto, and you'll have to raise that salary a bit. I am drawing \$225 a month at present. Quarters furnished and promotion promised. I have made some good investments, and there are no debts to settle. Inclosed find my last bank statement, which will doubtless prove a great disappointment to you.

If you need a good master of transportation I would be pleased to consider an offer at any time, provided the salary is satisfactory, but your proposal to edit my acquaintance is out of the question. My decency and self-respect are doing well, thank you, and I like the climate.

The salary would have to be about \$6,000 a year. As always your devoted and obedient son,  
KIRK.

P. S.—I would not care to locate farther west than Buffalo. My wife might not like it.

Kirk lost no time in calling at the bank, but was disappointed to learn that Señor Andres Garavel had left the city for an unexpected business tour of the provinces and would not return for at least two weeks.

In the days that followed he saw nothing of Gertrudis, but a great deal of Edith Cortlandt. She had redeemed her promise of getting him a good horse—something rare in this country—and he was grateful for the exercise, which came as a welcome relief from

his indoor toil. Soon their old friendly intercourse was going on as if it had never been interrupted.

As for Edith, this semipublic intimacy came to be quite as much a pain as a pleasure to her. During these past few weeks she had been plunged in a mental turmoil, the signs of which she had concealed with difficulty. She had fought with herself; she had tried to reason; she had marshaled her pride, but all in vain. At last she awoke to the terrifying certainty that she was in love with Kirk.

She began to look upon her husband with a quickened curiosity, and found him a stranger. For years she had made allowance for his weaknesses, ignoring them as she ignored his virtues, but never before had he appeared so colorless, so insignificant, above all so alien. She had barely tolerated him hitherto, but now she began to despise him.

If Cortlandt was aware of her change of feeling and its cause, his method of dealing with her showed some keenness. Silent contempt was what she could least endure from him of all men; yet this was just what his manner toward her expressed—if it expressed anything.

Even if he did suspect, what then? It was no affair of his; she was her own mistress. She had given him all he possessed, she had made a man of him. He was her creature, and had no rights beyond what she chose to give. They saw less and less of each other. Only before others, or at their frequent political councils, were they quite the same as they had been.

Of Anthony, on the other hand, she arranged to see more than ever, flattering him by a new deference in her manner, making him feel always at ease with her. In their frequent rides they covered most of the roads about the city, even to the ruins of old Panama. Then they began to explore the bypaths and trails.

One afternoon they turned into an unfrequented road that led off to the jungle from the main highway, walking their horses while they marveled at the beauty of the foliage. They burst out into a rocky glen, where a spring of clear water bubbled forth.

"What a discovery!" exclaimed Edith. "Help me down, please. I'm going to drink."

Kirk dismounted and lent her a hand. The horses snorted appreciatively and, stepping forward, thrust their soft muzzles eagerly into the stream, then fell to browsing upon the tender leaves at their shoulders.

Edith quenched her thirst, shook the cramp from her limbs and said: "Some time we will have to see where this road leads. There may be more surprises beyond." She broke a flower from its stem and fastened it in Kirk's buttonhole while he gazed down at her with friendly eyes.

"You're looking awfully well lately," he declared.

Glancing up, she met his gaze and held it for an instant. Something in her look gave him a little thrill of embarrassment.

"I think I'll give Marquis and Gyp their dessert," he said, and, turning aside, began to gather a handful of the greenest leaves. The instant his eyes were off her she took the horses by their bridles, swung them about and with a sharp blow of her riding crop sent them snorting and clattering down the trail. Kirk wheeled barely in time to see them disappearing.

"Say, why did you do that?" he asked.

"Because I wanted to. Isn't that reason enough?" Her eyes were reckless and her lips white. "I did it because I wanted to talk with you."

"Well, those horses wouldn't overhear."

"Don't be angry, Kirk. I haven't seen you alone since—that night."

"Taboga?" he said guiltily. "You're not going to lecture me again? I'm sorry enough as it is."

"What a queer chap you are! Am I so unattractive that you really want to rush off after those horses? I have known men who would have thought it a privilege to be left alone with me—like this."

"I—have no doubt."

"You remember, for instance, I told you there was one man at Taboga whom I did not wish to see?"

"Yes—at the sanitarium."

"Well, something like this happened once—with him—and I told Stephen."

"And did you tell Mr. Cortlandt what I did?"

"Do you think I would have come riding with you if I had?" She shook her head. "Kirk, I used to think you were an unusually forward young man, but you're not very worldly, are you?"

He began firmly: "See here, Mrs. Cortlandt, you have been mighty good to me, and I'm indebted to you and your husband for a whole lot. I am terribly fond of you both."

"I suppose," she said, half defiantly, "you know how things are with Stephen and me—everybody must know, I suppose. Happiness—that is what I want, and I will have it—I will have it at any cost. It is my right. Because a woman marries without love, is it right for her to forego love all her life? I think not."

"I can't pretend to misunderstand you, although—listen! He cut his words short. "Here comes some one."

She turned her head, as from the direction their mounts had taken came the sound of approaching hoofs.

"Natives from the hills," she nodded carelessly toward the purple mountains back of them. But the next moment she gave a little gasp of consternation. Out from the overhanging path, with a great rustling of leaves, came not the expected flea bitten Panama horse, but a familiar bay, astride of which was Stephen Cortlandt. He was leading Marquis and Gyp by their bridles and reined in at the sight of his wife and her companion.



"Oh, Señor Antonio! How you startled me."

"Hello!" he said. "I caught your horses for you."

"Jove, that's lucky!" Kirk greeted the husband's arrival with genuine relief. "They bolted when we got down to take a drink, and we were getting ready for a long walk. Thanks, awfully."

"No trouble at all. I saw them as they came out on the main road," Cortlandt's pigskin saddle creaked as he bent forward to deliver the reins. He was as cool and immaculate as ever. He met Edith's eyes without the slightest expression. "Nice afternoon for a ride. Pretty spot, isn't it? If you are going back I'll ride with you."

"Good enough. May I give you a hand, Mrs. Cortlandt?" Kirk helped Edith to her seat, at which her husband bowed his thanks. Then the three set out in single file.

"Which way?" inquired Stephen as they reached the highroad.

"Back to town, I think," Edith told him. "And you?"

"I'm not ready yet. See you later."

He raised his hat and cantered easily away, while the other two turned their horses' heads toward the city.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



## VARIOUS BEEF STEWS.

STEWED beef may be made with various cuts of meat. The attachment, leg, round, shoulder, brisket, chuck, undercut of sirloin, may all be used. Of course the better the meat the better the stew, but by careful cooking the coarsest and toughest parts may become tender.

If you want a rich stew use a quart of water to a pound of meat. This quantity can be increased at any time by adding boiling water.

### A Nourishing Stew.

Stewed Chuck.—Take one and a half pounds of chuck, wipe with wet cheesecloth and cut into small pieces. Put in a saucepan, cover with boiling water and boil slowly one and a half hours. Then add one-half cupful of cut carrot, two cupfuls white potatoes, one-half cupful of cut onion, one tablespoonful of salt, one-quarter teaspoonful white pepper and boil a half hour. Add one tablespoonful of flour mixed with a little cold water. Boil five minutes and add one tablespoonful of chopped parsley.

### With Seasoning Herbs.

Stewed Beef Neck.—Take two pounds of neck pieces, cut in thick slices and roll in flour that has been seasoned with salt and pepper. Have a bay leaf, one or two cloves, a spoonful each of flour and beef fat. Melt the fat in a saucepan, then add the beef and other ingredients. Brown well on both sides, cover with boiling water and simmer for a couple of hours. Put the meat on a platter, pour the gravy over it and serve.

### Served Cold.

Stewed Beef Brisket.—Take several pounds of brisket of beef, scrape clean, and put into a large saucepan. Prepare two carrots, one turnip, two onions, a head of celery, a tablespoonful of salt, a bouquet of herbs and add them to the meat. Tie in a piece of muslin six cloves, twelve peppercorns, six allspice and pour over them three quarts of water. Let all come to the boil and then simmer as slowly as possible for three hours. Take the meat up, remove the fat bones and place it between two dishes, setting a heavy weight on the top dish. Strain the stock, remove all fat and let it boil down to a glaze. When the beef is cold trim it into shape and brush with the glaze.

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## WOMAN REFUSES OPERATION

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Logansport, Ind. — "My baby was over a year old and I bloated till I was a burden to myself. I suffered from female trouble so I could not stand on my feet and I felt like millions of needles were pricking me all over. At last my doctor told me that all that would save me was an operation, but this I refused. I told my husband to get me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I would try it before I would submit to any operation. He did so and I improved right along. I am now doing all my work and feeling fine."



"I hope other suffering women will try your Compound. I will recommend it to all I know." — Mrs. DANIEL D. B. DAVIS, 110 Franklin St., Logansport, Ind.

Since we guarantee that all testimonials which we publish are genuine, it is not fair to suppose that if Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has the virtue to help these women it will help any other woman who is suffering in a like manner?

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Write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

## Current Comment.

It seems sometimes as though the real arctic explorers never come back — Washington Post.

Bichloride of mercury as a sensation has given way to the poisoned needle — Detroit Free Press.

Scientific experts declared it was impossible to loop the loop in air. Some time ago they declared it was impossible to throw a curved ball. — Cleveland Plain Dealer.

To match surgery of the heart and brain the doctors are now lancing the jugular vein. Where are the "vital parts" old fashioned people talked about? — New York World.

## Town Topics.

Since Indianapolis is to have a police censor at all dances public and private, joy at last will be confined in one way or another. — New York Sun.

Los Angeles has a Chinese policeman—what do you think of that! One would like to see him attempt to arrest a native son. — Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Cincinnati and Cleveland now have but one saloon to each 500 of the inhabitants. Will St. Louis wait for a constitutional amendment or will it voluntarily provide against one? — St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

## Aviation.

The mortality among the air men of the United States army is greater than that of any other country with the exception of Italy.

A longer distance was covered every day in 1913 by air men than the combined distance of all flights in the entire year 1909.

The airplane designed by a Boston inventor is so arranged that an aviator can drop his motor, propeller, wheels and gasoline tank in case of an accident.

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6:40 a. m. . . . 1	C. . . 6:20 a. m.
7:40 a. m. . . . 1	G. . . 7:28 a. m.
9:18 a. m. . . . 1	L. . . 9:00 a. m.
9:40 a. m. . . . 1	L. . . 9:10 a. m.
11:18 a. m. . . . 1	L. . . 11:00 a. m.
11:40 a. m. . . . 1	L. . . 11:10 a. m.
1:18 p. m. . . . 1	L. . . 1:00 p. m.
1:40 p. m. . . . 1	L. . . 2:10 p. m.
3:18 p. m. . . . 1	L. . . 3:00 p. m.
3:35 p. m. . . . 1	L. . . 4:10 p. m.
5:40 p. m. . . . 1	L. . . 5:00 p. m.
6:18 p. m. . . . 1	L. . . 6:10 p. m.
7:40 p. m. . . . 1	L. . . 7:00 p. m.
8:18 p. m. . . . 1	L. . . 8:00 p. m.
8:35 p. m. . . . 1	L. . . 9:10 p. m.
10:45 p. m. . . . G	L. . . 10:00 p. m.
11:59 p. m. . . . C	L. . . 11:40 p. m.

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NORTHBOUND			
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Seymour	6:20 am	2:30 pm	
Bedford	7:50 am	4:10 pm	
Odion	9:06 am	5:30 pm	7:06 am
Elmira	9:16 am	5:45 pm	7:17 am
Beehunter	9:33 am	6:10 pm	7:30 am
Linton	9:47 am	6:24 pm	7:45 am
Jacksonville	10:14 am	7:00 pm	8:15 am
Terre Haute	11:15 am	8:30 pm	9:25 am
No. 8, Linton to Terre Haute leave Linton 1:00 p. m., arriving at Terre Haute 2:35 p. m.			
SOUTHBOUND			
	—Daily—		
	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5
Terre Haute	5:50 am	1:05 pm	5:50 pm
Jacksonville	6:50 am	2:07 pm	6:49 pm
Linton	7:17 am	2:32 pm	7:17 pm
Beehunter	7:30 am	2:46 pm	7:30 pm
Elmira	7:46 am	3:00 pm	7:46 pm
Odion	7:58 am	3:15 pm	8:00 pm
Bedford	9:27 am	5:00 pm	
Seymour	11:00 am	6:20 pm	
No. 5, Terre Haute to Linton, leaves Terre Haute 10:20 a. m., arrives Linton 11:50 a. m.			
No. 28 Mixed Train Northbound, leaves Seymour 8:30 a. m., arrives Bedford 10:45 a. m., daily except Sunday.			
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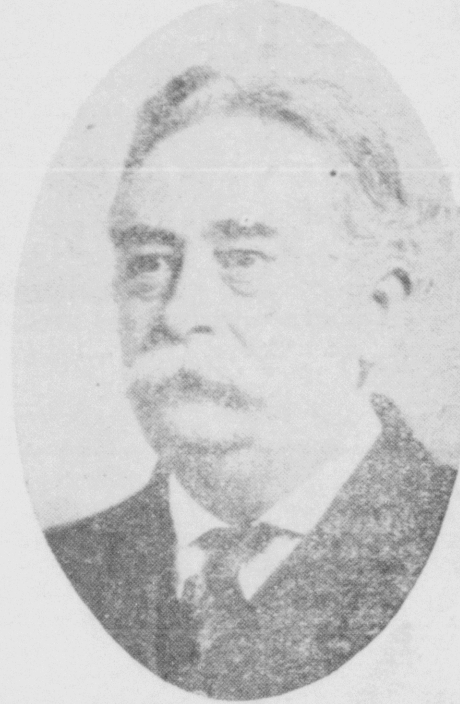
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### MUCH AFFLICTION AMONG INMATES OF INFIRMARIES

Forty-four Per cent. Were Insane, Feeble Minded or Epileptic, Says Report.

Forty-four per cent. of the inmates of Indiana's county infirmaries were insane, feeble-minded or epileptic, according to figures just made public by the board of state charities for the fiscal year of 1913. Of the 3,071 inmates, 146 were able-bodied, 390 were in the institutions because of sickness, 509 were afflicted only with "senility" and the remainder were blind, deaf, paralytic or crippled.

Of the total, 2,041 were males and 1,030 females. The superintendents of the institutions reported that 484 men and 379 women were feeble-minded, 264 men and 166 women insane and seventy-nine men and ninety-five women epileptic. Of the epileptics 110 were insane or feeble-minded, and were so counted in the state board's statistics.

Classified by age, the children in the list under seventeen years numbered thirty-five (1 per cent. of the total). Nineteen of the thirty-five were between three and seventeen years old and subject to the law which prohibits their retention in county infirmaries longer than sixty days. One hundred and fifty-six of the inmates (5 per cent.) were from seventeen to thirty years of age; 424 (14 per cent.) were from thirty to forty-five; 818 (27 per cent.) were between forty-five and sixty; 1,024 (33 per cent.) were between sixty and seventy-five, and the remaining 614 (20 per cent.) were seventy-five or over.

In comparison with 1912, the statistics for 1913 showed little change. There were fifteen fewer men and boys and eighteen more women and girls, net increase of three in the number actually present August 31, 1913. The proportion of the inmates over sixty years of age continues to grow. Twenty years ago this class constituted 35 per cent. of the total; this year, 53 per cent.

The current expense of the institutions in 1912 amounted to \$530,414.48. For land and new buildings, \$209,743.33 was spent. This sum includes the cost of building the new infirmary in Lake and Spencer counties and the remodeling in Huntington county. The farm receipts, over and above the produce used by the institutions, amounted to \$81,993.98.

### WIDER WAR ON GERMS.

Public Health Service Has Big Program For Current Year.

The public health service is looking forward to the biggest year's work it has ever undertaken. From the mountains of Kentucky, where two field hospitals and dispensaries are teaching the mountain people how to combat pellagra, to the water fronts of San Francisco and Seattle, where federal experts are helping state authorities to prevent the carrying of plague germs by rats and squirrels, the service has pushed its activities into many unusual fields.

Much of the research work of the health service is done in the hygienic laboratory in Washington. In the search for the means by which infantile paralysis is transmitted experts there succeeded during the last year in carrying germs from one monkey to another by the bite of a stable fly. But where this succeeded once it failed on all other attempts. The public health service is still working on the problem.

Practically every phase of sanitation is being studied and taught by officials as fast as funds permit.

### Injunction Cases Venued.

Terre Haute, Ind., Jan. 13.—After jockeying in the circuit court for the last week and after six different attorneys had been named from which to choose a special judge to try the two temporary restraining orders issued on petition of Patrolmen Hagerty and Haley, the cases were venued to the Sullivan circuit court to be heard by Judge Bridewell.

### Accused of Killing Father.

Madison, Ind., Jan. 13.—Interest in the cases to be tried in the Madison circuit court during the January term centers in that of Harold Grimes, aged seventeen, for the alleged murder of his father, William Grimes. The father was found dead in a field by the son in August last.

### Fatally Beaten in Saloon.

South Bend, Ind., Jan. 13.—Victor Ort, found in a west side saloon a week ago with a fractured skull from having been hit over the head with some blunt instrument, is dead at a local hospital.

### Hanged Himself in Barn.

North Vernon, Ind., Jan. 13.—Albert Coryea, who lived ten miles southeast of here, committed suicide by hanging himself in his barn. He was despondent about domestic affairs.

### Weather Indications.

For Indiana: Fair tonight and Wednesday with slowly rising temperature.

If you have Republican Advertising on your mind, you're right.

## Winter Wearing Apparel Priced Right

Men's Heavy Nelson Cotton Socks, Pair 10c.

Men's Heavy Woolen Sox Pair, 25c to 40c. (Made by the Mishawaka Woolen Co.)

Canvas Gloves—Mittens and Gauntlets.

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Men's Work Shirts, Each 39c.

Men's Heavy Caps, 45c to 85c.

Men's Heavy Underwear, 39c Garment.

Men's \$1.00 Union Suits, 36 size only, Suit 75c

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### UNIFORM COLD STORAGE LAW IS BEING AVOCATED

McKellar Bill May Come Before Subcommittee—Cold Storage Men Oppose It.

Washington, Jan. 13.—With the hearings on the McKellar cold storage bill, scheduled to begin this week before the subcommittee of the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce, it is believed there will be much discussion both inside and outside the halls of the congress concerning the regulation of the cold storage of food products and the methods most feasible to obtain such regulation.

In general terms a number of the cold storage warehouse men think that no legislation is necessary to regulate cold storage, since they contend that the law of supply and demand always has and always will adequately regulate the food-stuffs in storage and the withdrawal of foods to the consumers in the parts of the year when the natural product is not sufficient to supply the needs of the public.

If regulation by legislation, however, is believed by a majority of the members of the national legislature to be necessary, and this seems likely to be the outcome, the attention of the members of the congress will be called to the tentative draft of a proposed uniform law for the regulation of cold storage, which has been prepared by the committee on purity of articles of commerce of the national conference of commissioners on uniform state law.

Among other things, this tentative draft provides that no article of food intended for human consumption shall be placed or received in cold storage if diseased, tainted or so deteriorated in any other way as to injure its keeping; that any article of food, if intended for use other than human consumption, shall be so marked by its owner before being placed in cold storage; that every article placed in storage shall be plainly marked or stamped with the date of receipt and that the date of removal also shall be indicated by stamp or tag.

Covering the period of storage, this proposed model law specifies that no article of food may be kept in cold storage for a period longer than twelve calendar months, thus permitting storage of food products from the beginning of one flush season to the beginning of the next flush season. It specifies that the storage period may be extended, in the discretion of the state food commissioner, after proper inspection has determined that the article is still in a healthy condition.

### Boy Scouts.

The regular meeting of the Boy Scouts and Pathfinders will be held at the Shields High School gymnasium Thursday evening, Jan. 15, at which time Prof. Thurber, of Franklin, will be present. All the boys are asked to attend if possible. j15d

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### Seymour Temperatures.

The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures as shown by the government thermometers at the Seymour volunteer weather observation station and reported by J. Thos. Hays, observer. The figures are for twenty-four hours ending at noon:

	Max.	Min.
January 13, 1914	33	11